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February 28, 2024

District Supervisor KY Division of Water Louisville Regional Office 9116 Leesgate Road Louisville, KY 40222-5084

Subject: Sewer Overflow Response Protocol (SORP) Resubmittal

Civil Action No. 3:05cv236-S

To whom it may concern:

MSD is providing this letter as certification of the submittal of the revised Sewer Overflow Response Protocol (SORP), dated February 28, 2024, within 15 days of incorporation of the update.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering such information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

If you have questions or need additional information, please contact me at (502) 540-6136.

Sincerely,
DocuSigned by:

Angela Akridde, PE

angle Lakidge

MSD Chief Strategic Officer

cc: James A. Parrott

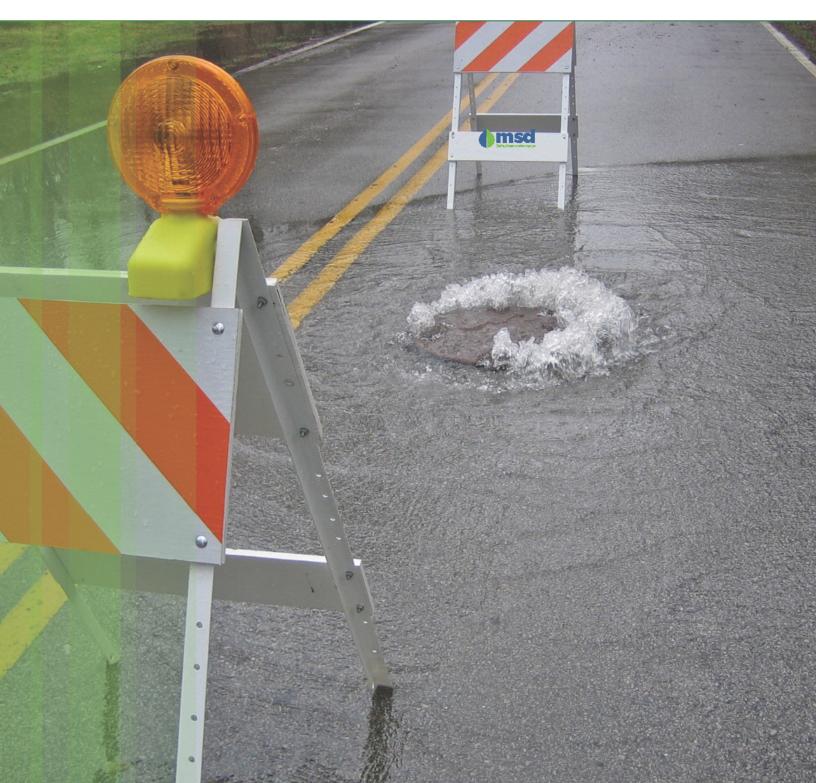
Kellie Watson

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Revised February 28, 2024

Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District



Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer Overflow Response Protocol

Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District 700 W. Liberty Street Louisville, Kentucky 40203-1911

Protocol Established:

May 15, 2006

Revision Date:

February 28, 2024





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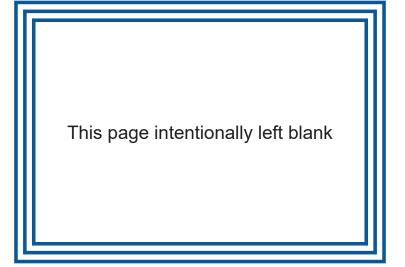
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CHANGE LOG

SECTION	SUMMARY OF CHANGES
Section 1: Overflow Response Overview	No change
Section 2: System and Organizational Framework	Updated hours for Customer Relations Call Center and Morris Forman WQTC Computer Room.
Section 3: Overflow Response Procedures	No change
Section 4: Overflow Reporting and Monitoring Procedures	No change
Section 5: Updates, Availability and Training	No change
Appendix A MSD Collection, Transmission, and Treatment System	Updated system characteristics. Removed Appendix A-4 Top Flight Landing.
Appendix B MSD Organizational Chart	Updated organizational chart.
Appendix C Overflow Response Matrix	No change
Appendix D Documented / Suspected Overflows and Wet Weather Reconnaissance	Updated route listings and maps.
Appendix E Overflow Report Form	No change
Appendix F Volume Estimation Guide	No change
Appendix G Notification Templates	No change
Appendix H Discharge Report - IMSAST004	No change







SECTION 1: OVERFLOW RESPONSE OVERVIEW

1.1. PURPOSE

Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) has developed a Sewer Overflow Response Protocol (SORP), which complies with 401 KAR 5:015 and is applicable to all service areas owned or operated by MSD. The purpose of this SORP is to establish the timely and effective methods and means of:

- Responding to, cleaning up, and/or minimizing the impact of Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) and Unauthorized discharges;
- Documenting and reporting the location, volume, cause and impact of SSOs and Unauthorized Discharges;
 and
- · Notifying the potentially impacted public.

1.2. DEFINITIONS

This section defines the commonly used terms in the SORP.

Bypass - The intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility as set forth at 40 CFR 122.41(m)(1) and 401 KAR 5:002, Section 1(36). The practice of bypassing Secondary Treatment units and recombining the bypass flow with the secondary effluent prior to discharge, commonly known as blending, recombination, or diversion, constitutes a "Bypass." The term Bypass shall specifically exclude (a) practices at the Water Quality Treatment Center (WQTC) that are in accordance with the WQTC's Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) permit and the Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Control Policy and (b) any flow that exceeds the design capacity of a tertiary process at any WQTC in accordance with a KPDES permit.

Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) - An outfall identified as a combined sewer overflow (CSO) in MSD's KP-DES permit from which MSD is authorized to discharge during wet weather.

- Dry Weather CSO An overflow from a permitted outfall identified as a combined sewer overflow or CSO in MSD's KPDES permit that is not the result of a wet weather event.
- **Wet Weather CSO** An overflow from a permitted outfall identified as a combined sewer overflow or CSO in MSD's KPDES permit that is the result of a wet weather event.

Combined Sewer System (CSS) - the portion of MSD's Sewer System designed to convey municipal sewage (domestic, commercial and industrial wastewaters) and stormwater runoff through a single-pipe system to MSD's WQTC or CSOs.

Geographic Information System (GIS) - A computer-based system that is capable of storing, managing and analyzing geographic spatial data. This capability includes producing maps, displaying the results of data queries and conducting spatial analysis.

Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection (KDEP) - The agency responsible for administering KPDES permits and receiving permit-related reports.

Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) Permit - Any National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit issued to MSD by the KDEP pursuant to the authority of the Act and KRS Chapter 224 and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) - The agency responsible for providing wastewater services in the service areas listed in Appendix A. MSD is also responsible for response, mitigation, cleanup, notification and reporting of overflows, including unauthorized discharges.



Overflow - For the purposes of this document, overflow shall be defined as SSOs, dry weather CSOs and releases on WQTC property that do not reach Waters of the United States.

Property Service Connection (PSC) - The portion of a sewer lateral that is within an easement or right of way and maintained by MSD.

Sanitary Sewer System (SSS) - the portion of MSD's sewer system designed to convey only municipal sewage (domestic, commercial and industrial wastewaters) to MSD's WQTCs.

Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) - Any discharge of wastewater to Waters of the United States from MSD's Sewer System through a point source not authorized by a KPDES permit, as well as any release of wastewater from MSD's Sewer System to public or private property that does not reach Waters of the United States, such as a release to a land surface or structure that does not reach Waters of the United States; provided, however, that releases or wastewater backups into buildings that are caused by blockages, flow conditions, or malfunctions in a building lateral, or in other piping or conveyance system that is not owned or operationally controlled by MSD are not SSOs.

Secondary Treatment - A biological wastewater treatment technology required by the Clean Water Act for discharges from Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), as that term is defined at 40 CFR 403.3(q). The minimum level of effluent quality attainable through the application of secondary treatment is established in 40 CFR 133.102 in terms of the parameters for 5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) concentration and percent removal, total suspended solids (TSS) concentration and percent removal, and pH.

Sewer System - The wastewater collection, retention, and transmission systems that MSD owns or operates, that are designed to collect, retain and convey municipal sewage (domestic, commercial and industrial wastewaters) to MSD's WQTCs or CSOs which are comprised of the CSS and the SSS.

Unauthorized Discharge - (a) Any discharge of wastewater to Waters of the United States from MSD's Sewer System or WQTCs through a point source not authorized by a KPDES permit; and, (b) any Bypass at MSD's WQTCs prohibited pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR 122.41(m)(2) and (4) or 401 KAR 5:065, Section 1(13) (a) and (c).

Upset - as defined in 40 CFR 122.41(n)(1), an upset is an exceptional incident in which there is the unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the operator. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operator error, improperly designed treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance or careless, improper operation.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - The federal agency responsible for enforcing the Clean Water Act, Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal environmental regulations.

Water Quality Treatment Center (WQTC) - The devices or systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage that MSD owns or operates, and for which KPDES permits have been or become issued to MSD.

Waters of the United States (WUS) - As defined in 40 CFR 122.2:

- (a) All waters which are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide;
- (b) All interstate waters, including interstate "wetlands;"
- (c) All other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, "wetlands," sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds that the use, degradation, or destruction of which would affect or could affect interstate or foreign commerce including any such waters:
 - (1) Which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes; or



- (2) From which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce; or
- (3) Which are used or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce;
- (d) All impoundments of waters otherwise defined as Waters of the United States under this definition;
- (e) Tributaries of waters identified in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this definition;
- (f) The territorial sea; and
- (g) "Wetlands" adjacent to waters (other than waters that are themselves wetlands) identified in paragraphs (a) through (f) of this definition.

1.3. ACRONYMS

Table 1.1 lists the commonly used acronyms in the SORP.

Table 1.1. Acronyms

ACRONYM	DEFINITION
ACD	Amended Consent Decree
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CMOM	Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance
CSO	Combined Sewer Overflow
CSS	Combined Sewer System
CRCC	Customer Relations Call Center
ICRD	Innovation, Customer Relations and Dispatch
CSR	Customer Service Requests
DMR	Discharge Monitoring Report
EGIS	Emergency GIS Dashboard
EPA	United States ?Environmental Protection Agency
EXT	Exterior Overflow
GIS	Geographic Information System
IT	Information Technology
IPS	Infor Public Sector
IDR	Initial Discharge Report
INT	Interior Overflow
IWD	Industrial Waste Department
KDEP	Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection
KPDES	Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
LIMS	Laboratory Information Management System
MSD	Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District
LW	Louisville Water Company

^{**} The regulations exclude waste treatment systems, manmade ponds, and prior converted cropland from the definition of "Waters of the US." With respect to prior converted cropland, EPA maintains jurisdiction for purposes of the Clean Water Act.



Table 1.1. Acronyms

ACRONYM	DEFINITION
LOJIC	Louisville/Jefferson County Information Consortium
MOSS	Microsoft Office SharePoint Services
NPDES	National Pollution Discharge Elimination System
PI	Plant Information System
PCC	Process Control Center
PSC	Property Service Connection
PVA	Property Valuation Administrator
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works
RTC	Real Time Control
SSO	Sanitary Sewer Overflow
SSS	Sanitary Sewer System
SORP	Sewer Overflow Response Protocol
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
TSS	Total Suspended Solids
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WQTC	Water Quality Treatment Center
WUS	Waters of the United States
WIN	Waterway Improvements Now
WWDRT	Wet Weather Discharge Reconnaissance Team
WO	Work Order



SECTION 2: SYSTEM AND ORGANIZATIONAL FRAMEWORK

2.1. MSD Wastewater Collection, Transmission and Treatment System

MSD's collection, transmission and treatment systems are detailed in Appendix A.

COLLECTION SYSTEM

MSD owns and operates a system that transports wastewater by both gravity and pumped systems. The gravity system collects wastewater at the property service connection (PSC) from the point of discharge from homes and businesses, and by using the natural force of gravity conveys it through a series of manholes, collector sewers and interceptors to a point of ultimate treatment in a permitted Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) before being discharged to the Waters of the United States (WUS).

2.1.1. TRANSMISSION AND TREATMENT SYSTEM

Wastewater is conveyed to MSD's network of treatment facilities, which are permitted by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (KDEP) under the Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) system. The treatment process provides the means to achieve beneficial reuse of wastewater biosolids, while treating the wastewater to a level that provides for sustained recreational and commercial uses, as well as natural habitats for aquatic wildlife. The MSD network includes both Combined Sewer System (CSS) and Sanitary Sewer System (SSS) treatment, employing a variety of activated sludge treatment processes that have received national awards for operational excellence. Refer to Appendix A for a list of MSD Permitted WQTCs and a map illustrating MSD's collection and transmission system components.

2.2. MSD Functional Structure and Resources for SORP Implementation

MSD is structured to provide the best service possible to our customers. There are nine divisions within MSD, each playing an integral role in our mission to build, maintain and operate quality wastewater and stormwater facilities. Figures of MSD's most recent organization charts for each division are provided in Appendix B. The organization charts illustrate the extent and complexity of the organization.

The Executive Director is responsible for the overall implementation of these SORP procedures. As such, responsibility is delegated to specific divisions for day-to-day implementation. Managers in these areas oversee proper implementation by their staff.

2.2.1. RESOURCES FOR CUSTOMER INQUIRIES

The Innovation, Customer Relations and Dispatch (ICRD) department is responsible for handling customer inquiries related to overflows. MSD's Customer Relations Call Center (CRCC) is staffed 5 days per week from 6:00 am to 12:30 am. From 12:30 am to 6:00 am, customer calls and inquiries are received at the Morris Forman WQTC Computer Room. During periods of heavy rain and inclement weather, the CRCC is staffed 7 days per week, 24 hours per day. All customer inquiries are designated as customer service requests (CSRs) which are entered into MSD's information management system for documentation, response and tracking purposes. Customers may call MSD's CRCC directly or submit inquiries online using the Internet or by email. Customers can also track the status and progress of their request online.

2.2.2. RESOURCES FOR DISPATCHING WORK

ICRD maintains personnel that dispatch work for activities within their respective areas of responsibility. The Dispatch Center at the MSD Central Maintenance Facility (CMF) includes personnel responsible for routing work 7 days per week, 6:00 am to 12:30 am. Operations personnel monitor the WQTCs and pump stations remotely from the Morris Forman WQTC Process Control Center (PCC) 7 days per week, 24 hours per day and



perform the dispatch function for Operations 7 days per week, 12:30 am to 6:00 am. Both Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) and telemetry are used for remote data transmission monitoring and control. Personnel are dispatched to a facility when telemetry data indicates a potentially problematic condition.

2.2.3. RESOURCES FOR RESPONSE TO OVERFLOWS

There are two divisions primarily responsible for investigating and mitigating overflows: Operations and Engineering. Generally, most collection system assets, WQTCs, sanitary and flood pumping station assets are monitored and addressed by Operations personnel and a group of SSOs that overflow infrequently are monitored and reported by the Engineering Division. MSD's operating and capital budgets provide for regular investment in equipment, training, facilities and personnel. In addition, personnel are available from all other divisions to support response and mitigation efforts.

2.2.4. RESOURCES FOR PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND AWARENESS

MSD dedicates personnel to ensure that the infrastructure and mechanisms are in place for public notification and general awareness of issues pertaining to overflows. MSD's Executive Office provides coordination with the media when necessary. Information Technology (IT) Division personnel coordinate updates to MSD's website and ensure that it remains available for public access and notification. Also, MSD distributes materials aimed at providing the public with information on how to stay safe around overflows and how individuals can help prevent overflows during their daily activities through various means in its public relations campaign.

2.2.5. RESOURCES FOR OVERFLOW DOCUMENTATION AND REGULATORY REPORTING

Specific staff within each division are tasked with and trained on documenting information associated with overflows in the Infor Public Sector (IPS) application. Regulatory Compliance Staff ensures that pertinent information regarding unauthorized discharges is reported to KDEP within the time frames provided in this document. When feasible, technologies are utilized to optimize the reporting process.

2.3. Information Management Systems

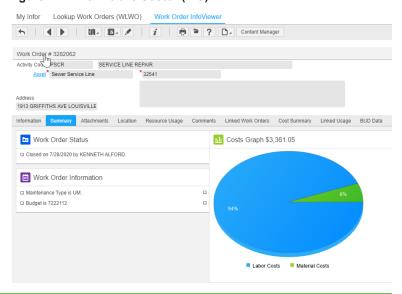
MSD utilizes a wide variety of hardware and software to operate the day-to-day business activities associated with wastewater and stormwater collection, conveyance and treatment. Hardware runs the spectrum from desk-top computers to wireless laptops for field usage and software ranges from simple desktop applications to complex integrated systems. MSD electronically documents asset data for tracking overflows and reporting to the appropriate local, state and federal agency

in the event of an unauthorized discharge.

2.3.1. INFOR PUBLIC SECTOR (IPS)

IPS is the information management software used by MSD to record, track and report information concerning MSD assets. IPS is also used to enter CSRs for customer inquiries that record pertinent information regarding the location, customer's name, and nature of the problem; to initiate work orders (WOs) against specific assets so that the history of the asset can be updated, tracked and reported; to document response to overflows in the collection system and to track permit applications. It is integrated with the Louisville/Jefferson County Information Consortium's (LOJIC's) Geographic Information System (GIS) to

Figure 2.1. Infor Public Sector (IPS)



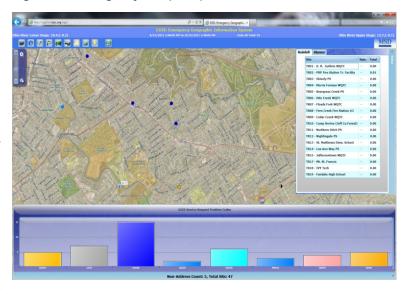


allow users to access a graphical view of assets and it is linked to eB/Alim Web, our document management system. Refer to Figure 2.1 for a screenshot.

2.3.2. EMERGENCY GIS (EGIS) DASHBOARD

Emergency GIS (EGIS) is a web application that was developed as a joint effort between MSD GIS and LOJIC. The purpose of EGIS is to provide internal users and management an overview of real time data that is collected by various departments during an emergency event. EGIS currently allows a user to view rainfall amounts, river stages, MSD fleet location, MSD facility alarms, and IPS service requests. EGIS also has the capability to allow the user to query the data based on specific time frames and/or

Figure 2.2. Emergency GIS (EGIS) Dashboard



service request type and view that data in a tabular or chart format. Refer to Figure 2.2 for a screenshot.

2.3.3. SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND DATA ACQUISITION (SCADA), PLANT INFORMATION SYSTEM (PI) AND IHISTORIAN

MSD's SCADA system is used for the remote monitoring of pumping stations and WQTCs. Pumping stations are monitored for alarms such as pump problems, station power failures, high wet wells and communication failures. It also monitors the number of pump starts and run times in a 24-hour period. WQTCs are monitored for alarms such as power failure, communication failure, possible blower faults, instantaneous flow values and the daily flow values. Refer to Figure 2.3 for a screenshot.

MSD's SCADA system is connected to the Plant Information System (PI) and iHistorian databases. These two systems pull data

🍃 🍻 🏿 🎉 http://msdoperations/msdoperations/default.htm?use... △?日父祖 並命告 8/13/2008 6:21:59 PM SCADA OVERVIEW WEST CENTRAL Morris Forman Floyds Fork Cedar Creek Max Flow Capacity 325.00MG Max Flow Capacity 0.00 MG 71.10 MGD 3.58 MGD 1.05 MGD PLANT INF FLOW PLANT INF FLOW Plant Eff Flow Overflowing @ CSOs PLANT EFF FLOW 1.11 MGD PLANT EFF FLOW West County Hite Creek JTown Max Flow Capacity 0.00 MGD PLANT INF FLOW 2.78 MGD Max Flow Capacity 0.00 MGD Max Flow Capacity 16.00 MGD Max Flow Capacity PLANT INF FLOW 6.50 MGD PLANT INF FLOW 17.80 MGD PLANT EFF FLOW PLANT EFF FLOW 3.31MGD

Figure 2.3. Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA)

from the SCADA system and store the data for records management and reporting purposes.

2.3.4. REAL TIME CONTROL (RTC)

Real Time Control (RTC) is a technology that allows proactive control of wet weather sewer flows through the Morris Forman WQTC collection system. There are combined sewer pipes, ranging from 5 to 27 feet in diameter, which have capacity to store additional flow during certain rain events. Additionally, the Northern Ditch



Diversion Structure can route flow from Morris Forman WQTC to Derek R. Guthrie WQTC. The RTC system performs the following essential wet weather management functions:

- Optimizes conveyance of the "first flush" flows to Morris Forman WQTC through the large pipe network;
- Optimizes storage within the CSS until the rain event ceases and capacity resumes at the WQTC;
- · Minimizes wet weather CSOs; and,
- Allows for maximization of treatment at the WQTC throughout the duration of the rain event.

Refer to Figure 2.4 for a screenshot.

Fig. Ed. Wow Favorites Tools Help SCAD Overview SCAD Overview Citick on station name again. SW. Shice Gate Cham. Bright Jake SE. Diversion

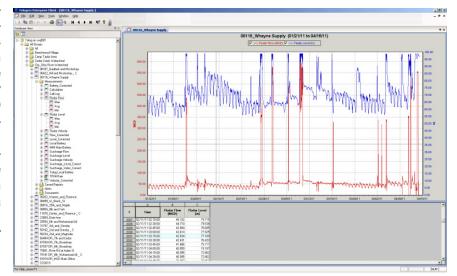
€ Local intranet

2.3.5. TELOG MONITORING SYSTEM

MSD utilizes the Telog Enterprise Client to access remote flow monitoring data that is delivered via telemetry from more than 120 points throughout the sewer collection system. The flow sites enable long-term system trending for dry and wet weather events that MSD uses for event analysis, model calibration and system operations. The system also sends notifications of wet weather and possible dry weather overflows based on customized data queries. The data collected includes battery life, flow, velocity and level readings. Refer to Figure 2.4 for a screenshot.

MSD has developed Telog Software to incorporate a monitoring

Figure 2.5. Telog



network that integrates an array of information from the rain gauge network, radar rainfall database, United States Geological Survey (USGS) stream and sonde database, Plant Information database and Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS) along with sewer level and flow monitoring information. Customized reports aid in the monitoring of operation trends throughout the sewer system and notify staff of potential anomalies.

2.3.6. RAIN GAUGE NETWORK

MSD personnel utilize the rain gauge network to view recorded rainfall amounts and to plan for required resources. The system was initiated in 1991 as a joint effort between MSD and the USGS. The rain gauge network provides geographical coverage of Louisville Metro, surrounding counties and Southern Indiana. This network



provides real time rainfall and Figure 2.6. Rain Gauge Network prediction tools from 5-minute to 24-hour intervals, is utilized in the RTC system, and allows the most efficient staging, scheduling and utilization of personnel, equipment and other resources. It is an effective tool in reducing the frequency, duration and volume of wet weather CSOs. Refer to Figure 2.6 for a screenshot.

The rain gauge system serves two primary functions. First, it is used to calibrate MSD's radar rainfall data and provided to a contractor who uses the data to calibrate their rainfall predic-



tions, provided at least two hours in advance. Second, it allows real time reporting on the amount of rainfall in a geographic area. This information is utilized for flash flood emergency response preparation.

Rainfall conditions are continuously telemetered to MSD's process control center from each of the gauging stations. Information regarding rainfall in the service area can be obtained from MSD's website at raingauge.louisvillemsd.org. The data is refreshed every 5 minutes. The rainfall rate is displayed in inches per hour for each gauge during the previous 5-minute period. A "Daily Total" column displays the total inches of rain recorded at a particular gauge since midnight of the current day. Reports from the database can be run from the web page for any or all of the gauging stations.

2.3.7. LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY INFORMATION CONSORTIUM (LOJIC)

LOJIC is a multi-agency partnership begun in 1988 with the mission of building and maintaining a comprehensive GIS to serve Louisville and Jefferson County, Kentucky. Present LOJIC partners include Louisville Metro Government, MSD, the Jefferson County Property Valuation Administrator (PVA) and the Louisville Water Company (LW). Participants share part of the cost and effort involved in the full development and ongoing implementation of LOJIC. LOJIC services have expanded since its inception to include support for processing spatial data for partner service areas outside Jefferson County.

The LOJIC GIS database contains over 740 spatial layers, tables and rasters that include address, administrative, aerial imagery, customer service information, demographics, drainage and hydrology, easements, federal government data, fire/police/emergency data, monitoring/inspection sites, natural resources, planning, planimetric, property, political, recreation, reference, sewer, structures, survey, topographic, transportation/communication, utilities and vegetation. More than 300 users across the partner agencies have been trained in the use of the LOJIC GIS and depend on it for a wide range of mission-critical applications such as land records management, property valuation, community planning, emergency response/911, maintenance of sewer and water networks, flood insurance determination, customer service requests, hydraulic modeling, asset workflow management, address assignment, and numerous public access applications via the Internet. Technical staff supports overall GIS activities across the LOJIC user agencies. LOJIC staff, housed at MSD offices, provide database management, applications development, products/services, training and system network support for all users. For more information on LOJIC, visit lojic.org.

2.3.8. EB/ALIM WEB DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

In 1992, MSD implemented its first electronic document imaging system. The eB/Alim Web Document Management System is now used to access MSD sewer, drainage and flood protection plans, MSD contracts, ease-



ments, service request documents, records storage requests, the Compliance Library, vehicle damage claims, work order documents, property damage claim documents, and much more. eB/Alim Web is also the repository of photographs of our major construction projects, signs, manholes and drainage problems. The system now has over 300,000 images and 600+ users including MSD employees and consultants. Many of the documents stored in eB/Alim

Figure 2.7. eB/Alim Web Document Management Software

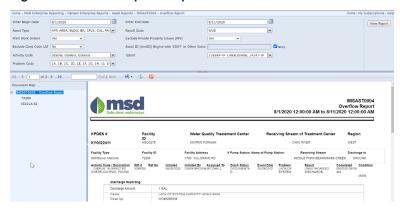


Web can be accessed from our GIS System and IPS with direct links to the associated records. Refer to Figure 2.7 for a screenshot.

2.3.9. MSD ENTERPRISE REPORTS

In order to ensure reliable, accurate and well formatted reports from the IPS system on MSD activities, MSD IT staff developed and implemented a Microsoft SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS) web portal called MSD Enterprise Reports. This reporting tool allows any user to produce standard reports from the IPS system using user-driven multiple criteria such as all discharge work orders completed within a WQTC service area or only those work orders with a particular problem code. Refer to Figure 2.7 for a screenshot.

Figure 2.8. MSD Enterprise Reports



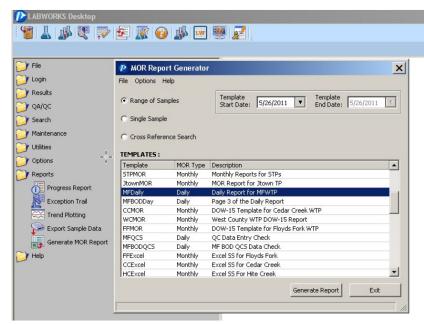
2.3.10. LABORATORY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (LIMS)

MSD utilizes the Labworks Enterprise and Labworks Explorer modules of LIMS manufactured by Labworks LLC. The LIMS is the central repository for laboratory data as well as field data associated with Compliance and Pretreatment Programs and Discharge Monitoring Reports for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) testing. Also, the LIMS is utilized to store data produced by contract laboratories that provide us with SSO/CSO water quality data. Refer to Figure 2.8 for a screenshot.

2.3.11. ORACLE UTILITIES CUSTOMER CARE AND BILLING (CC&B)

Oracle CC&B is a Customer Information System, which is the core of MSD & LW's billing and accounts re-

Figure 2.9. Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)

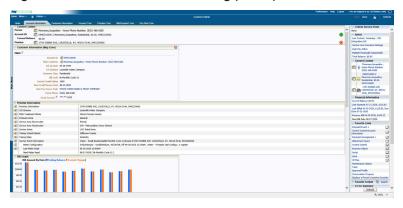




ceivable functions. It includes integrated modules such as: Service Orders (used to distribute work orders, repairs, placing customers on charge, etc.), Utility Contacts (recording & tracking customer questions/ problems), Meter Reading, Cash Processing, Rate Schedules, Letter Processing, Collections Processing and others. Refer to Figure 2.10 for a screenshot.

MSD's main uses of this system include: placing customers on Drainage and/or Sewer Charges; monitoring/analyzing consumption by customer type & WQTC, monitoring/analyzing revenue by customer

Figure 2.10. Customer Care and Billing (CC&B)

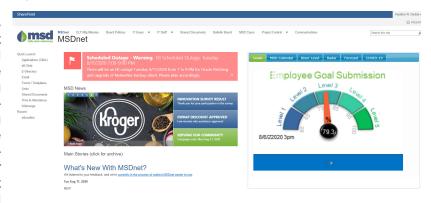


type and WQTC, general ledger processing, researching customer issues and more. Billing detail is provided to the customer for Sewer Volume Charges, Sewer Service Charges, Fixed Charges, Adjustments, Drainage Charges, State Taxes (if applicable) and any applicable discounts or rate assistance. More information about billing can be found at **louisvillemsd.org/paymybill**.

2.3.12. SHAREPOINT

Microsoft Office SharePoint Services (MOSS) has been implemented at MSD. The SharePoint system is used as the central communication device for MSD staff. In addition, it is being used for the sharing of information related to Project WIN activities among MSD employees and contractors. The system displays data from the Performance Monitoring System, Water Quality Monitoring Programs, Project Controls and other Project WIN related

Figure 2.11. SharePoint



activities. It is also the hub used to access MSD's electronic document repository through an available interface to MSD's eB/Alim Web document management system. Refer to Figure 2.10 for a screenshot.

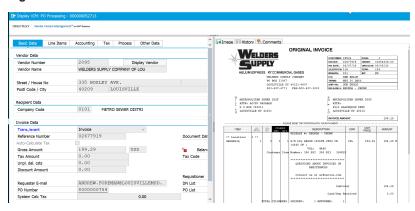
2.3.13. SAP

SAP is an enterprise resource planning product used by MSD for day-to-day financial, human resources and inventory activities, including inventory control, parts procurement and expendable commodity reorders. Refer to Figure 2.11 for a screenshot.

2.3.14. ASSETWORKS FLEET FOCUS

MSD has implemented the use of the AssetWorks FleetFocus software for

Figure 2.12. SAP



fleet management. Utilizing the software, the Fleet Services Department continues to use industry standards for procurement maintenance and disposal of equipment. This software allows MSD to track, monitor work



orders and proactively maintain vehicles and equipment. These management practices fulfill requirements of SORP-related activities for the Fleet Services Department. This information had previously been tracked in the SAP system until 2010, and FASTER until 2021. Refer to Figure 2.13 for a screenshot.

2.3.15. LINKO

In 2020, MSD implemented the use of Aquatic Informatics' LINKO software to administer its Pretreatment Program. The software allows self-monitoring data for compliance testing for significant industrial users to be submitted through an online portal. Refer to Figure 2.14 for a screenshot.

Figure 2.13. AssetWorks FleetFocus

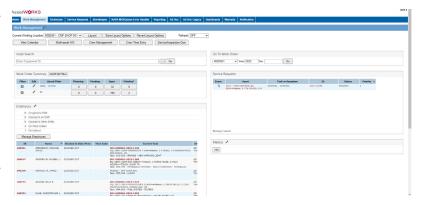
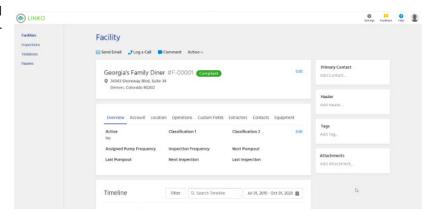


Figure 2.14. LINKO





SECTION 3: OVERFLOW RESPONSE PROCEDURES

These procedures direct staff to document the occurrence of overflows and Water Quality Treatment Center (WQTC) bypasses in all systems owned or operated by MSD.

Employees are advised that strict adherence to these protocols is a condition of employment, and failure to follow these protocols without just cause, may make an employee subject to progressive discipline, up to and including termination. Employees may also be subject to penalties as prescribed under laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the United States.

These actions are intended to reduce environmental and human health impacts that can result from sewer overflows. MSD uses its discretion and best professional judgment to evaluate each event and choose an appropriate course of action.

3.1. RESPONSE COORDINATION

Overflows and bypasses may be identified in several different ways. They can be observed during daily routines, identified via telemetry or reported by the public. Once MSD receives notification that an overflow or bypass may be occurring, managers dispatch personnel to the location to assess the situation, set up a control zone, notify the public, and begin site mitigation. MSD personnel conduct these activities based on procedures in this section, the Overflow Response Matrix in Appendix C and the guidance specific to divisions contained in this document. After the site is evaluated, additional resources are deployed as necessary to address the situation.

MSD Customer Relations Call Center (CRCC) personnel are trained to answer questions from the public wanting to report an overflow or request additional information about the overflow abatement program. Notifications received from customers are entered into IPS as Customer Service Requests (CSR). CRCC personnel are trained to provide prompt, accurate and current information regarding overflows, and to quickly dispatch service personnel to investigate and address situations. Procedures describing the process used to enter CSRs into IPS can be accessed by staff through the internal online IPS application. Customers may also enter CSRs online and may check on their status by clicking on MSD's Online Customer service link at **louisvillemsd.org**.

Discharge work orders are initiated in IPS to document overflow and bypass response activities. The MSD personnel that respond and identify the overflow or bypass situation are responsible and accountable for generating the appropriate documentation. This includes collecting necessary information on the Overflow Report Form and submitting documentation to a supervisor, or entering data directly into IPS to generate the electronic discharge work order. Additional work orders are sometimes initiated to document and perform necessary repairs or clean up actions resulting from the overflow or bypass. Dispatch, Main Office staff, Customer Relations and Morris Forman WQTC Process Control Center (PCC) personnel serve as communication resources to field personnel during a response situation. Occasionally, field personnel will be required to relay information to the respective areas concerning the status of discharges, as well as requests for additional resources to mitigate the situation.

3.1.1. DRY WEATHER RESPONSE

Dry weather overflows typically require more of a reactive approach as most are unanticipated. The majority of dry weather overflows are caused by WQTC bypasses, power failures, electrical problems, structural failures, mechanical issues or obstructions. Response is triggered once MSD is aware of the occurrence. If staff are not already on site, they are dispatched to stop the overflow or bypass and determine required actions.

3.1.2. WET WEATHER RESPONSE

Wet weather forecasts allow for preparation, mobilization and proactive identification of overflows. Wet weather overflows can occur for the same reasons as dry weather overflows, but more often, limited system capacity is the cause of overflow. Sewer capacity can be exceeded during intense or long rain events and can be exacerbated by saturated soil conditions. MSD proactively prepares for inclement weather events, including rain, wind



and lightning, to ensure optimal response to the system in the event of a failure or capacity-limiting situation. Refer to Appendix D to see a map of the current documented and suspected SSO locations.

3.1.2.1. Monitoring for Inclement Weather

MSD has developed and implemented a strategy to provide early warning, preparation, execution, and response to inclement weather events that may result in overflows. Local and regional weather forecasts and trends are monitored on a regular and ongoing basis. The Operations Director for Collections, Flood Protection, & Emergency Response or designee regularly distributes an early warning to response personnel, support personnel, and all levels of management of impending inclement weather. A variety of technologies are utilized to forecast when adverse conditions may affect MSD facilities and systems, thereby allowing appropriate personnel to prepare accordingly.

MSD monitors weather conditions that could lead to potential overflows via media (television or radio broadcast), NOAA internet radar link, and an internally maintained rain gauge system. MSD is networked with several local media and governmental weather services. A local weather service system sends early warning messages via cellular phone, text pager and/or email address. This forecast is updated four times per day, and includes live, local Doppler radar and a seven day forecast, as well as breaking weather alerts anytime severe weather is in the forecast, and threatens Louisville Metro. Below is a summary of internal monitoring tools.

- **EGIS** EGIS is a real-time GIS tracking tool that is available to staff and supervisors. It is useful for monitoring facilities and service requests and aids in resource allocation.
- Rain Event Tracker For internal use, the rain event tracker is available at the intranet home page. It
 includes information that tells when rainfall begins, ends and time frames that are important for reporting
 procedures.
- MSD Operations Web Page The MSD Operations web site monitors telemetry around the county at specific locations and list serve notifications that help raise public awareness.
- Weather alerts through paging system Weather alerts sent through the paging system and are used to inform staff when mobilization is needed for upcoming rain events.
- Rain Gauge System This is a system of rain gauges in the region that are monitored by telemetry. The
 interactive system displays real-time data and allows queries and reports of historical data at any or all of
 the telemetered sites from the MSD web page.
- Rainfall Prediction Tool MSD utilizes weather predictions from a radar rainfall prediction service which
 is capable of making weather predictions for rainfall accumulation at the neighborhood level in 60 minute
 advance increments up to 6 hours.
- Hydroweb Dashboard The Dashboard is an internal web page that displays real time data as charts and
 graphs. It includes dry weather, wet weather, CSOs, SSOs and rainfall information. These charts also include monthly targets for overflows that are based on previous performance.

When severe weather approaches the Louisville area, a management response protocol is activated which ensures a total system response for MSD. Weather information is correlated and when appropriate, an internal weather alert is distributed via email to a predetermined distribution list of approximately 50 MSD employees. The information is also distributed on a more frequent, critical basis to digital devices (pagers, cell phones, etc.) using a group paging system. These continued alerts, and updates are issued in advance of, during and following inclement weather.

3.1.2.2. STAGING RESOURCES

MSD does not wait to mobilize resources until after an overflow occurs but rather proactively stages equipment and staff prior to actual rain events to minimize response time and overall overflow impacts. Depending on the



severity of the forecasted inclement weather, staff members are placed on standby, ready to determine the impact on treatment and conveyance systems, to supervise the regulatory notification process, conduct field inspections and determine the appropriate mitigation efforts. In extreme situations, staff schedules may be reviewed to determine if additional coverage is needed.

3.1.2.3. Performing Wet Weather Reconnaissance

Staff members monitor locations which are known or suspected to overflow during wet weather events.

Operations Treatment staff monitor the WQTCs, the Main Diversion Structure and the Southwestern Pumping Station.

Operations Collections System & Flood Protections staff monitor the other pumping stations through telemetry, notification from the Morris Forman WQTC Process Control Center, reports from the public and from reconnaissance activities.

Operations Wastewater and Drainage staff monitor the eliminated pump locations in Beechwood Village and in the Hikes Point area, and respond to overflows and backups reported through Customer Relations.

The Wet Weather Discharge Reconnaissance Team (WWDRT), comprised of staff from Operations and Engineering, monitor manholes or other sites within the collection system along established routes that are geographically grouped for wet weather inspection. The pre-defined routes are activated based on the wet weather event and the general historical behavior of the known overflows. The following types of information are included in the activation process: actual rainfall, predicted rainfall, antecedent moisture conditions, system flow rates, relationship to other known overflows, and level indicators and flow meters installed at strategic manholes located along the various routes. At least one level meter installed at what is believed to be the most active overflow along most of the routes is used to trigger the activation process. See Appendix D for a detailed listing of assets in each route.

Once a route is activated, the assigned staff proceeds directly to his/her designated route and performs reconnaissance activities. The reconnaissance continues from the beginning of the route and proceeds in this manner until the rainfall event has abated and/or overflows are no longer evident.

WWDRT route reconnaissance includes an enhanced inspection tracking process. Since September 2008, MSD documents the inspection of these WWDRT routes. This is performed using group projects in the IPS system. A group project is generated in the IPS system for each qualifying rain event for the impacted route. When a group project is generated, an inspection work order is generated for each manhole along the route. Group projects include the date and time the inspections begin and end. When overflows are identified, a discharge work order is created on the discharging asset. The manholes within the routes are prioritized using anecdotal information and sewer model data. Inspections occur along the routes until no overflows are observed.

MSD has expanded the database of overflow information and enhanced the process utilized to establish and review the routes. For a detailed account of the process, refer to Section 4.4.

3.2. RESPONSE PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

The SORP process map, shown in Figure 3.1, outlines the basic response framework, or process, for responding to an overflow or bypass. The SORP process includes five elements: assessment, notification, mitigation, cleanup, and final documentation. An overview of each element is explained in the remaining sections of this chapter.

3.3. OVERFLOW ASSESSMENT

When MSD personnel arrive on scene, an initial assessment of the overflow or bypass is made. The first question that must be answered is "Can this overflow or bypass be stopped immediately?" If the answer to this question



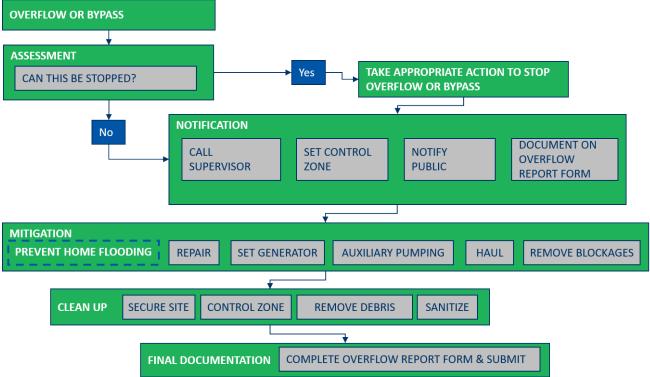
tion is "Yes", then immediately take the appropriate action and continue to the next step in the SORP process. Examples of immediate actions that mitigate overflows or bypasses include but are not limited to:

- · Turning pumps on or off;
- · Resetting electrical controls; and
- Removing blockages or pumping around an in-line blockage if the appropriate equipment is readily available.

The primary potential health hazard to the general public in the event of a sewer overflow or WQTC bypass is biological in nature. However, MSD field personnel are also trained, at a minimum, to Level I (Awareness Level) relative to dealing with other possible hazardous materials. Additionally, some front line supervisory personnel are required to be trained to Level II (Operations) or Level III (Technician). The content of the overflow or bypass must also be assessed for the following conditions:

- Hazardous materials a Hazmat incident is declared and "911" should be called immediately. Personnel
 should contact the CRCC or the Morris Forman WQTC PCC and request Industrial Waste Department (IWD)
 assistance. Appropriate agencies for the service area will respond to the incident and dictate the resultant
 protocol to be followed.
- Oily sheen, hydrocarbon odors or strange color Immediately contact Dispatch or the Morris Forman WQTC PCC and ask that an IWD responder be dispatched to the location to determine if a hazardous or other substance is present in the discharge. The IWD Emergency Response Pretreatment Inspector will provide guidance on the appropriate measures to be taken and sampling/cleanup to be performed.
- Grease Immediately contact Dispatch or the Morris Forman WQTC PCC and ask that an IWD responder be dispatched to the location to determine the cause of the grease/obstruction.

Figure 3.1. SORP Process Map





3.4. Overflow Notification

This step begins with the employee contacting the respective supervisor, establishing a control zone, notifying the public and beginning the overflow or bypass documentation process.

3.4.1. CONTACT SUPERVISOR

The critical issues to convey to the supervisor include, but are not limited to, the following items:

- Location of the overflow or bypass;
- · Date and time the overflow or bypass began;
- · Initial assessment of the problem; and
- Additional resources required to remedy the situation and stop the overflow or bypass.

3.4.2. ESTABLISH CONTROL ZONE

It is critical for public health and safety to determine the limits of the impacted area, which can be defined as the location where sewage has had contact and/or collected. Indicators of an impacted area include standing water with sewage characteristics, water marks along trees or vegetation extending from a sewer structure and solids, paper or other debris consistent with sewage. The impacted areas could be the soil/pavement (EXT), Waters of the United States (WUS), or a building/basement (INT).

MSD personnel will establish the control zone around the perimeter of the impacted area to limit public access. The limits, duration and most appropriate control zone mechanisms will be site-specific. Typical situations requiring control zone setup include high pedestrian/vehicular traffic areas, residential areas, as well as areas near public buildings, schools and parks. Methods of establishing a control zone include placement of barricades, signs, cones and/or caution tape around the impacted area. The control zone will remain in place through the completion of cleanup activities.

MSD has adopted a standard sign to be used for both permanent overflow advisory warnings and temporary control zone delineation. The sign requests that the public avoid contact with the area, and provides contact information for the public for any comments or questions.

Figure 3.2. Overflow Mitigation



3.4.3. NOTIFY THE PUBLIC

In addition to the control zone, it is necessary to ensure the public understands the nature of the situation such that they can take steps to minimize the risk of coming into contact with the untreated sewage. MSD makes a concerted effort to ensure that the public is made aware of potential or actual overflows through both event-based public notification activities and programmatic (on-going) outreach and educational activities. MSD continually seeks to enhance the public notification and awareness program.

3.4.3.1. Programmatic Notification Activities

The programmatic educational outreach activities focus on providing the public with a heightened level of awareness concerning overflows, including the causes, potential health hazards, environmental impacts, MSD



abatement activities and the public's role in helping to alleviate these conditions. MSD utilizes permanent overflow advisory signs, event-based updates to the MSD & Project WIN websites and email notifications to communicate overflows and bypasses to the community.

MSD Website Notifications

The Project WIN web page displays a message informing the public when overflows may be impacting the streams during a rain event. A second message is displayed when conditions return to normal. This notification is automated based on the rainfall amounts collected by the rain gauges.

MSD Email Notifications

The public may elect to receive a notification when overflows may be impacting the streams during a rain event via email by signing up on the MSD Project WIN web page. This notification is automated based on

the rainfall amounts collected by the rain gauges. In addition, customers can sign up to receive email notifications for the following events:



- When there is a dry weather overflow of untreated sanitary sewage in an amount over 1,000 gallons that occurs anywhere in the MSD collection or treatment system; or
- When conditions have returned to normal (minimum of 48 hours) and the impact of a release or overflow has dissipated; or
- When there is a significant issue or news that may be of interest to those members of the Project WIN e-mail notification system.

3.4.3.2. EVENT-BASED FIELD NOTIFICATION

Event-based activities are designed to limit public access to areas impacted by overflows. When an overflow occurs, MSD utilizes both a localized field-based approach to warn the potentially impacted public, along with public notification announcements coordinated and disseminated by MSD's designated Communication Team. Localized field-based notification mechanisms include the use of temporary and permanent signage, establishment of control zones and placement of door-hangers if applicable.

Temporary signs are used to provide immediate notification of a potential health threat. They are bilingual (English/Spanish) and also include a telephone number to call for additional information. These signs are used in conjunction with control zones, traffic control signs, electronic flashers and other public safety equipment to protect the public.

MSD may distribute door hangers if temporary signage does not adequately warn members of the public that may come into contact with the overflow. Information on door hangers include a message stating that an overflow or bypass may have occurred in the neighborhood, that areas to avoid are being delineated, and that overflows may pose a public health hazard.



3.4.3.3. EVENT-BASED WEB NOTIFICATION

In some events the time required for notification is shortened. Information must be posted to the MSD Project WIN web site for public notification and voluntary email notification within two hours of verifying that either of the following scenarios has occurred:

- A dry weather overflow of more than 1,000 gallons has occurred, is occurring or will likely occur, or
- A dry weather overflow at a flood pump station has occurred, regardless of the volume.

The MSD employee who made the verification immediately notifies their supervisor and Customer Relations that a dry weather overflow of more than 1,000 gallons has occurred or that a dry weather overflow at a flood pump station has occurred, regardless of the volume. Customer Relations staff works with staff in Regulatory Compliance, Records and GIS Services to update the MSD Project WIN web site as needed. The MSD employee who found the discharge initiates a discharge work order according to normal department procedures.

3.4.3.4. EVENT-BASED PHONE NOTIFICATION TO MSD EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

In extreme cases, MSD executive management must be notified immediately. The responding supervisor is responsible for notifying the Division Director, who in turn notifies the Office of the Executive Director and the Regulatory Compliance & Asset Management Administrator (or a designee) by the fastest means available if either of the following conditions is present:

- A dry weather overflow has or may have the potential to have a substantial negative impact on the environment and/or public health; or
- A dry weather overflow is approaching 50,000 gallons or more.
- The Executive Director or a designee may direct the preparation and distribution of a press release as deemed necessary. The Regulatory Compliance & Asset Management Administrator or a designee determines if additional regulatory notifications are required, such as with KRS 224 01:400, which requires immediate notification to KDEP. These procedures occur in addition to the web notification for a dry weather overflow.

3.4.4. BEGIN DOCUMENTATION

Once an overflow or bypass has been confirmed, it must be documented. All unauthorized discharges must be reported to the KDEP within 24 hours. This is referred to as the Initial Discharge Report (IDR). In order for MSD to meet the initial 24-hour reporting requirement, all overflows must be documented with a discharge work order in the IPS system within 10 hours of discovery. Minimum requirements to open a discharge work order in IPS include:

- Asset Type
- Asset ID
- · Initiated Date and Time
- Problem Code
- Result Code

Any additional information that is available when the discharge work order is being created should be included. Information accuracy is critical during this process. The IDR is sent automatically and will not be reviewed for content before it is sent to regulatory compliance authorities.



3.5. OVERFLOW MITIGATION

The decision making process employed by MSD response personnel to mitigate an event is dynamic and often unfolds during the course of the overflow event. In the case of wet weather impacts, for example, inclement weather is forecast, resources are staged, the weather continues to be monitored, and as the initial impact of the storm is realized, resources are deployed in a tactical manner based on specific conditions that exist in the field.

Based on real-time system performance conveyed through telemetry systems, the magnitude of the impact is continuously assessed to revise the response accordingly. In the event of a dry weather impact, such as an obstruction or equipment failure, the issue is much more acute in nature, and requires a much more targeted, site specific response. There are greater resources available during a dry weather incident, as the situation is often very localized, as opposed to a wide spread rain event that impacts the entire service area.

It is essential that overflows and bypasses be mitigated by the most expeditious means practicable. There are two basic components to mitigation of sewer overflows and WQTC bypasses – correct the system failure and lessen the impact to the public and the environment. Correcting the system failure consists of either removing blockages or repairing the damaged asset. As the failure is being corrected, it is critical to minimize the impact of the event by protecting the public from basement backups and the environment from sewage releases. Resources are available to restore primary power loss with generators, haul wastewater with tanker trucks, and pump around failing assets.

3.5.1. MINIMIZING THE OVERFLOW IMPACTS

After the control zone has been established, the responder determines the most effective means to minimize overflow impacts. The type of mitigation required is site-specific depending on the cause of the overflow and the extent of the impact. MSD utilizes a variety of mitigation methods, including containment, filtration, flow diversion, and portable generators as well as pumping and hauling activities. The method used is determined by overflow severity, site accessibility, potential for service disruption, size of impacted area and the need to minimize the impacts to public health and the environment. In general, staff will choose supplemental power first if possible, utilizing a portable or stationary generator. When restoring power will not stop an overflow, containment, flow diversion and flow filtration activities would be considered the appropriate mitigation activities. Pumping and hauling is considered a legitimate alternative, but only as a last resort to other mitigation techniques during wet weather.

3.5.1.1. RESTORE POWER

MSD staff utilize stationary and portable generators to restore power to wastewater facilities where and when possible, effectively mitigating overflow and bypass occurrences. This is the first priority and easiest overflow mitiga
Figure 3.4. Mitigation

3.5.1.2. CONTAINMENT

tion activity to implement.

Containment methods are used to prevent the further spreading of the overflow into the environment. MSD attempts to contain the overflow to the extent reasonably practicable. Two factors that influence this decision are probability of successfully containing the overflow and how much time would be required to implement containment versus resolving the problem. Whereas no single containment plan is applicable in all situations, MSD personnel use standard principles in conjunction with field conditions and site characteristics to develop the most effective containment plan. Some examples of containment techniques





that MSD may employ include: sand bags, inflatable plugs to block the overflow from reaching any nearby storm water pipes, berms created from existing topography of the site or those constructed from other available materials, as well as commercially available spill prevention equipment that specializes in containing various types of overflows.

3.5.1.3. FLOW DIVERSION

Flow diversion methods can provide an effective means of collecting wastewater at the point of overflow and conveying it back into the collection system at a downstream location. This method reduces the potential additional impact on the immediate area, as well as downstream areas. Examples of flow diversion methods that may be useful during dry weather events or small wet weather events include the use of portable pumps to convey wastewater to a downstream manhole and the use of a tanker truck to haul to another point in the collection system.

3.5.1.4. FLOW FILTRATION

Filtration establishes a physical strainer to reduce the impact of solids, paper, etc., from the flow. MSD attempts to filter the overflow to the extent reasonably practicable. As with containment, two factors influence this decision – probability of success and the alternative time needed to stop the overflow. Typically, the type of overflow event or the size of the overflow is the criteria for deciding if filtration or containment is a feasible approach. For example, during wet weather events, the overflow volume and number of overflows exceed the ability of the field crews to successfully contain the overflow. Filtration may be the only option until the flow subsides. A filtration plan may also be the quickest option for reducing the downstream impact during dry weather flows with very large volumes. However, even filtration might not be practical for a high volume overflow or a site is unsuitable for the practice.

3.6. OVERFLOW CLEANUP

Upon mitigation of the overflow or bypass, the site must be secured and thoroughly cleaned.

3.6.1. CLEANUP TIME FRAME

Dry weather overflows are most often caused by system failures or utility damage. Due to the potential for a higher risk of the public contacting an impacted area from a dry weather overflow, cleanup at dry weather overflows occurs immediately after stopping the overflow.

Wet weather overflows are usually capacity-related. MSD personnel may not have the ability to stop an overflow from occurring during wet weather and therefore must wait for the rain event to subside and the overflow to stop before cleanup begins. There is also the potential for many overflows to occur during a rain event requiring distributed resources, which may impact how long it takes to complete cleanup activities. Cleanup of wet weather overflows should occur as soon as possible, but not longer than five (5) calendar days after the overflow stops.

3.6.2. CLEANUP SCOPE

The immediate area impacted by the overflow site is inspected and cleaned of residual material in order to minimize the risk/impact to public health and the environment. Manhole lids should be replaced and pumping hoses and pipes should be stored for future use. No visual sewage residue should remain, including solids, papers, rags, etc.



3.6.3. CLEANUP METHODS

MSD uses two basic types of cleaning methods:

- Manual practices entail removing sewer solids and other debris by using hand tools such as rakes, shovels, and brooms; and
- Mechanical equipment such as combination sewer cleaners and excavators can also be used to aid overflow cleanup.

Scenarios where this type of equipment could be employed are cleaning streets and removing contaminated soil. After the standing water and other debris have been removed, pervious areas impacted by the overflow are disinfected with lime to kill remaining bacteria.

MSD recognizes that an overflow during a rain event may appear to be limited in scope and residual impact, due to the magnitude of flow in streams, creeks and drainage channels. However, the bacterial loading during these periods increase, and human contact is a prime concern both during and after the overflow. In addition to efforts to physically limit human contact during an overflow as described previously, MSD responds immediately with a site inspection, with follow-up efforts directed at returning the affected area to a pre-overflow condition as quickly and efficiently as possible.

Figure 3.5. Cleanup



Control zone materials are to be removed from the area 48 hours after cleanup is completed. If materials such as barricades and traffic cones came into contact with the impacted area, they should be cleaned and stored for future use. Contaminated temporary signs should be discarded; otherwise they can be stored and used again.

3.7. FINAL OVERFLOW DOCUMENTATION

Field verification is required to document that an overflow has occurred. The MSD personnel that respond and identify the overflow or bypass are responsible and accountable for generating the appropriate documentation. This includes collecting necessary information about the overflow on the Overflow Report Form and submitting documentation to a supervisor, or entering the data directly into IPS to generate the electronic discharge work order. Work orders must be initiated in IPS within 10 hours of verification that an overflow has occurred. This protocol is necessary to ensure transmission of data pertaining to unauthorized discharges to KDEP within the required time frame. See Appendix E for the Overflow Report Form used to assist with data collection in the field.

IPS data entry includes completing the Information tab and Discharge Reporting tab.

The **Information** tab includes the start and stop dates and times, problem code, and result code.

The **Discharge Reporting** tab information includes six spot Inspections required for each overflow or bypass work order. A summary for each of the spot inspections is required. The spot inspections are as follows.

Overflow Amount

This spot inspection is an estimate of the overflow volume. It can be a visual estimate based on flow rate and duration, or it can be based on telemetry values.

Estimating overflow volume is a critical component of reporting, system assessment, and planning/design of overflow abatement projects. MSD has developed the "Overflow Volume Estimation Guide" to standardize



tracking and reporting of overflow volumes. This guide is located in Appendix F and is updated as needed based on new information or changes in overflow conditions.

Overflow Cause

This spot inspection is a summary of the problem or problems that caused the overflow to occur. It is a statement that should support or further define the problem code that was selected for the overflow.

If the cause of an overflow is found to be a private property issue, MSD personnel notifies the appropriate parties after con-

taining the overflow. In these circumstances, MSD is not responsible for reporting, mitigation or cleanup.



Overflow Cleanup

This spot inspection should include detailed information related to the cleanup and disinfection of the impacted area. In addition, this information should also be updated to related service requests and cleanup work orders related to the overflow work order.

Overflow Control Zone

This spot inspection is a detailed summary of control zone materials utilized to prevent public contact with the impacted area. The summary should include details about which types of control zone materials were used and how they established a control around the impacted area. Typically this summary will include information about temporary signs, caution tape, barricades and traffic cones.

Overflow Impact

This spot inspection is a detailed summary of what was observed escaping the collection system and the apparent environmental impact.

Overflow Repair

This spot inspection includes details about what was done to stop or mitigate the overflow or bypass and may also include known capital projects earmarked as solutions to address known recurring overflows.

Mitigation can correct the overflow cause, if not system capacity related. Examples include roots, grease or debris in the sewer system, a structural problem with a sewer line or force main, and mechanical or electrical problems with pumping station or water quality treatment center equipment. These types of occurrences are corrected by MSD personnel. For example, the sewer can be flushed, vacuumed or root cut to remove debris, grease and roots from the line; a sewer line or force main can be repaired and mechanical or electrical problems at a pumping station or water quality treatment center can be corrected.

The **Comments** tab information is optional and should include comments specific to the overflow and further ex-

Figure 3.6. Overflow Documentation

		W	ork Order Tab		
Work Orde	r#				
Activity	☐ Wet Weather Disch	arge (DISREV)	ry Weather Discharge (DISDW	Suspected Disc	harge (DISSUS)
Asset			Overflow Began (Initi	ated)	
	SLS, SPL, SMH, SSL, SMN, SND, STIN, SV	Hansen Unit ID Number		Date	Military Time
	SLS - Sewer Lift Station	SMH – Sewer Man	hole SMN – Sewer Main	STIN - Storm Inlet	
	SPL = Sewer Treatment F	Plant SSL = Sewer Servi	ce Line SND = Sewer Node	SV = Sewer Valve	
Name			Overflow Stopped (Compl	eted)	
Initiated By	Name, Addre	ess or Location		Date ad To	Military Time
-			_ Assign	30 10	-
Problem			ack of System Capacity	BYPASS (At WTP's or	
	R Roots		Pumped Overflow	☐ UPSET (WTP Process	
	OBST Sewer Main Ob	ostruction	Electrical Problems at MSD	■ BLEND (At Jeffersonto	wn WTP only)
	STRUC Structural Fai		R Power Outage (LG&E)	PPI Private Property Is	sue (for SSLs only)
		□ MECH	Mechanical Failure	UD Utility Damaged M	
		☐ FLOO	D Corps Pump Station Operation	☐ FOMAJ Force Majeur	e Event
Condition	☐ LAT Lateral Line			CSO Authorized Disch	
	MAIN Main Line			(Rain Event on a # CS	O only)
Result	☐ INT Interior (In the bu	ilding) 🔲 EXT E	Exterior (On the ground)	☐ WUS Reached waters	of the US
		-	omments Tab		
			omments Tab		
			omments Tab	tion Sample Text Guide for a	additional options)
Discha	arge Amount (DISAMT)	Spot Insp		tion Sample Text Guide for a	additional options)
		Spot Insp Est. Volume Released		tion Sample Text Guide for a	additional options)
	arge Amount (DISAMT) of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Insp Est. Volume Released	pections Tab (see Spot Inspec	tion Sample Text Guide for a	
Cause		Spot Insp Est. Volume Released	pections Tab (see Spot Inspec		ine)
Cause	of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Insy Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info	pections Tab (see Spot Inspec	e in pump; Grease blockage in I Pipe discharge sub MSD cleaned & sa	ine) imerged - no cleanu nitized area
Cause	of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Insy Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info	pections Tab (see Spot Inspec	e in pump; Grease blockage in I	ine) imerged - no cleanu nitized area
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Cause o	of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Ins; Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply	(EX: Shatt brok	e in pump: Grease blockage in I Pipe discharge sub MSD cleaned & sa Confractor cleaned	ine) imerged - no cleant nitized area d & sanitized area
Cause o	of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Ins; Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply	(EX: Shelt brok	e in pump; Grease blockage in I Pipe discharge sub MSD cleaned & sa Contractor cleaned Barricades Road Closed	ine) imerged - no cleant nitized area d & sanitized area Tape Temp Signs
Cause o	of Discharge (DISCAU)	Spot Ins; Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply	Operations Tab (use Spot Inspections Tab (use Spot Inspections (EX: Shaft broken Inspections	e in pump; Grease blockage in I Pipe discharge sub MSD cleaned & sa Contractor cleaned Barricades Road Closed tomer to avoid direct contactor	ine) imerged - no cleant nitized area d & sanitized area Tape Temp Signs
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Cause of Clear	of Discharge (DISCAU) n up Activity (DISCLN) rol Zone Setup (DISC2)	Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply Check all that apply	CEX. Other trus (EX. O	e in pump; Orease blockage in I Pipe discharge sub MSD cleaned & sa Contractor cleaned Barricades Road Closed tomer to avoid direct contact no control zone Serwage Solids Discoloration in Str	ine) inerged - no cleanu initized area 1.6 sanitized area 1.7 sanitized area 1.7 sanitized area 1.8 sanitized area 1.8 sanitized area 1.8 sanitized area 1.8 sanitized area
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Cause of Clear	of Discharge (DISCAU) n up Activity (DISCLN) rol Zone Setup (DISC2)	Spot insp Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply Check all that apply Check all that apply	CEX. Sheat brust (EX. Sheat b	a in pump, Greene Blockage in in Pipe discharge sub MoD deened is se Contractor of the in Brancades Brancades Road Closed Contract or avoid direct contact concert to avoid direct contact Socies Socies Socies Socies Socies Contractor of the individual contact or several contract or seve	ine) Imerged - no cleani, nitized area 1 & sanitized area 1 Tape 1 Temp Signs with sewage 1 Fish Kill earn stream, drainage systcharge submerged)
Cause of Clear	of Discharge (DISCAU) on up Activity (DISCLN) oil Zone Setup (DISCZ) act Observed (DISIMP)	Spot insp Est. Volume Released Additional Cause Info Check all that apply Check all that apply Check all that apply	CEX. Shet brut (EX. Shet brut	a in pump, Greene Blockage in in Pipe discharge sub MoD deened is se Contractor of the in Brancades Brancades Road Closed Contract or avoid direct contact concert to avoid direct contact Socies Socies Socies Socies Socies Contractor of the individual contact or several contract or seve	ine) Imerged - no cleanu intized area 1 å sanitized area 1 Tape 1 Temp Signs with sewage 1 Fish Kill earn stream, drainage sys
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plain what occurred during the overflow or bypass event. Comments should include details that are not captured elsewhere in the overflow documentation.

The **Log** tab information documents the notification to the appropriate regulators and is system generated when the overflow or bypass reached the WUS.



SECTION 4: OVERFLOW REPORTING AND MONITORING PROCEDURES

The collection and reporting of information required to meet regulatory reporting requirements under 401 KAR 5:015 is an essential component of the overflow response process. It is imperative that information relayed by response personnel from the field is complete and accurate. In addition to its use for regulatory reporting, this information is crucial to tracking the overflow history of assets such as manholes, sewer lines, and pumping stations. MSD utilizes this data to make decisions about response and abatement strategies.

The sections below detail the means and methods by which MSD reports unauthorized discharges and submits overflow information to the KDEP.

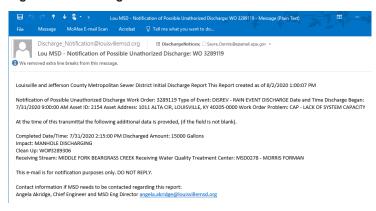
4.1. Twenty-Four Hour Unauthorized Discharge Notification

Within 24 hours of verification that an unauthorized discharge has occurred, MSD electronically transmits an IDR to the KDEP. The IDR contains information as required by 401 KAR 5:015 and 40 CFR 122.41(I)(6). The IDR is currently loaded into the KDEP eNotification system.

KDEP can request changes to this notification and MSD will make the programming changes as requested. The following information is provided in the IDR:

- · Work order number
- · Type of event (wet or dry)
- Problem type
- · Start date and time
- Location of unauthorized discharge (asset ID and address)
- · Completed date and time, if known
- Estimated volume, if known
- Impact, if known
- · Cleanup information, if known
- Receiving stream
- Receiving WQTC

Figure 4.1. Discharge Notification Email



If the discharge work order is not completed when it is transmitted to KDEP, a supplemental notification with additional information is sent once the work order is completed.

If after initial reporting it is determined that the overflow was not required to be reported, MSD provides an updated list in the monthly discharge report submitted with the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).

4.2. WATER QUALITY TREATMENT CENTER (WQTC) UPSET & BYPASS REPORTING

MSD reports, monitors and maintains records of WQTC upsets and bypasses. These events are initially reported through the IDR process defined in Section 4.1. These occurrences are followed up with a 5-day letter to KDEP.



4.2.1. 10-DAY POTENTIAL TO BYPASS NOTIFICATION

MSD complies with the advance notice requirements, per 401 KAR 5:065 Section 2 and 40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)(i) and identified in the KPDES Permit for each WQTC, for an anticipated bypass necessary to perform scheduled maintenance. This includes a minimum of 10-days advance written notification and justification to KDEP.

MSD issues a potential to bypass letter for preventative maintenance activities which are perceived to have the potential to cause a bypass. These letters are written and submitted ten days in advance of the maintenance activity. Each letter includes conditions that will be administered to prevent a bypass from occurring while the scheduled maintenance is performed. MSD has created a template for staff to use for the letter (see Appendix G). These letters are sent to the District Supervisor at the appropriate Kentucky Division of Water (KDOW) Regional Office.

4.2.2. 5-DAY FOLLOW-UP LETTER

MSD complies with the notice requirements, per 401 KAR 5:065, Section 2 and 40 CFR 122.41 (I)(6) and identified in the KPDES Permit for each WQTC, for unanticipated bypasses and plant upsets. These occurrences are reported within 24 hours of becoming aware of the situation through the IDR process. In addition, 5-day follow-up letters are sent to the KDOW Regional Office as described below. MSD has created a template for staff to use for each type of notification letter (see Appendix G).

Upset letters include the following components:

- Beginning/ending date and time;
- Volume of wastewater upset;
- Cause of the upset; and
- Mitigation activities performed.

Bypass letters include the following components:

- Beginning/ending date and time;
- Volume of wastewater bypass;
- · Cause of the bypass; and
- · Mitigation activities performed.

4.3. WATER QUALITY TREATMENT CENTER MONTHLY REPORTING

4.3.1. DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT

A monthly Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) is compiled for each of the WQTCs owned by MSD. The DMR is submitted to KDEP along with a copy of the monthly operating report and monthly overflow report for the service area per the KPDES permit regulations.

4.3.2. Monthly Overflow Report

MSD includes a summary of unauthorized discharges occurring within a given sewershed in the respective WQTC DMR packet. The monthly overflow report covers the same time frame as the respective DMR packet. See Appendix H for an example of the overflow report.



The following information is stored within IPS and reported to KDEP using the report IMSAST0004 – Discharge Report:

- Sewershed name and specific location of the unauthorized discharge;
- · Start date and time of the unauthorized discharge;
- Stop date and time of the unauthorized discharge;
- Description of the cause of the unauthorized discharge;
- · Impact of the unauthorized discharge;
- Description of actions taken to mitigate the unauthorized discharge;
- · Estimated volume of the unauthorized discharge;
- · Description of cleanup actions taken; and
- Description of the type of notifications.

Bypass events at any WQTC are incorporated into and reported as part of the report.

4.4. STATUS AND MONITORING OF OVERFLOWS

MSD tracks the status of overflow occurrences on assets such as manholes, sewer lines, and pumping stations in IPS and utilizes the information to make decisions about response and abatement strategies. MSD reviews all discharge work orders on a monthly basis and adjusts the asset status code as needed.

The status is used to document within IPS the current condition of a particular asset relative to whether an overflow has occurred. The different categories and definitions of each status and associated monitoring frequencies are listed in Table 4.1.

At least once a quarter, if not more often, MSD reviews the status of each asset with a discharge work order during the time since the previous review to determine if any adjustments are needed. Overflow routes and capital project plans are then adjusted accordingly.

Enhanced SSO Fact Sheets have been developed and more data, such as information related to the historical event(s) that caused the overflow(s) are now tracked in IPS and reported based on calendar year. The SSO Fact Sheets are updated on an annual basis. Additionally, information from the SORP and Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) activities will be utilized to review the routes on a quarterly basis to determine if they should be modified. If it is determined that additions or deletions are required, the revised routes will be incorporated into the SORP and submitted to KDEP for approval in the annual update. The SSO Fact Sheets continue to be updated and published to the Project WIN website on an annual basis.

4.5. DATA RETENTION AND TRENDING

MSD tracks the information related to overflow and bypass locations in IPS in the form of discharge work orders. Information is tracked on individual assets such as manholes, sewer mains, sewer service lines, pumping stations and WQTCs. The type of information tracked includes but is not limited to, the cause, status, and volume of the overflow or bypass. MSD utilizes this information to conduct a periodic review of system-wide discharge data to document trends in frequency and volume as part of the CMOM program. The information from the CMOM program is used to update the SORP on an as-needed basis.



Table 4.1. Overflow Status Definitions

STATUS	DESCRIPTION	DEFINITION
В	Beyond Approved Design Storm	Overflows with this status are capacity-related and only occur with storms beyond a certain magnitude that have not been requested/approved Force Majeure events. If the overflow is associated with a project, the level of control associated with the project is used. If the overflow is not associated with a project, the 10-year, 3-hour cloudburst is used.
D	Documented	Overflows with this status are capacity related, recurring wet weather overflows. Each has been reviewed, and a project or solution has been or will be developed to eliminate the capacity problem.
E	Eliminated	Overflows with this status have been eliminated with a project or solution developed specifically to address the overflow problem.
F	Force Majeure	Overflows with this status have only occurred during storms or events where written request and authorization has been approved by regulatory authorities.
L	Limited Capacity due to Flood Operations	Overflows with this status occurred during a river flooding event, when the system was at capacity and could not operate as efficiently during and after wet weather due to limited CSO discharge points.
М	Modeled Overflow	Overflows with this status have not been observed but were identified through hydraulic computer modeling. Field verification is used to determine if the asset is an overflow, in which case the status is updated to Documented (D), or if it does not overflow in three years of documented monitoring activities, the status is updated to No Reported Discharge (N).
N	No Reported Discharge	Overflows with this status have been monitored for at least three years with documentation of monitoring activities and no observed overflows.
Q	Queued for Repair	Overflows with this status have either discharged due to a non-capacity issue that has not been immediately repaired (may require a requisition or contractor to complete) or have discharged for the first time, attributed to capacity, requiring further investigation (including field investigation and / or modeling) to confirm the discharge is capacity-related before categorizing as Documented (D).
R	Repaired - Issue Resolved	Overflows with this status have been corrected by some operation or maintenance activity. Overflows at these locations should not recur.
S	Suspected	Overflows with this status can be maintenance or capacity related. MSD personnel do not actually witness the overflow, but only see evidence that it occurred. If maintenance issues are identified and corrected, the status is updated to Repaired – Issue Resolved (R). If it does not overflow in three years of documented monitoring activities, the status is updated to No Reported Discharge (N).
Х	External Influence	Overflows with this status were due to an outside influence, such as an upset, utility damage (e.g., water main break), LG&E power outage or river flooding (e.g., pump station underwater).



SECTION 5: UPDATES, AVAILABILITY AND TRAINING

5.1. REVIEW AND UPDATES TO THE SEWER OVERFLOW RESPONSE PROTOCOL

MSD conducts an annual review of the SORP each year by February 28. At that time, MSD reviews and updates the SORP training modules and conducts training for pertinent employees as needed.

5.1.1. RESPONSIBILITY

The manager in each of the MSD functional areas listed below is responsible for executing an annual, comprehensive review in their respective area(s) of responsibility for overflow monitoring and reporting:

- Wastewater & Drainage
- Collections System, Flood Protection & Emergency Response
- Treatment
- Regulatory Compliance, Records & GIS Services

5.1.2. SCOPE

Regulatory Compliance, Records & GIS Services is responsible for leading and scheduling an annual review with appropriate personnel. Proposed modifications to the SORP and associated procedures are coordinated, reviewed, approved and distributed by the Regulatory Compliance and Asset Administrator or designated staff. This review is inclusive of the required personnel necessary for a full evaluation of the documents regarding changes in procedure, efficiency, technology improvements and regulatory changes.

5.2. DISTRIBUTION AND AVAILABILITY OF SORP

When changes are made to the SORP, a new master copy of the SORP is scanned into MSD's eB/Alim Web system and made available to MSD personnel. Historical documents are archived and only the most current version will remain available to MSD personnel.

A copy of the latest version of the SORP is posted on the Project WIN website and available to the public. This site can be accessed at **www.msdprojectwin.org**.

5.3. TRAINING

5.3.1. DISTRICT WIDE TRAINING PROGRAM

MSD Training Department personnel supervise and administer the overall training program, with support from appropriate managers and supervisors. MSD has developed a comprehensive SORP training program that progresses in complexity from SORP overview, an awareness level module, to field response training, which includes instruction and practice with specific response protocol duties.

The SORP overview training is provided online on an annual basis for all MSD employees, as well as during new employee orientation, which is conducted approximately every two weeks.

Field response training is provided online approximately once per quarter and the topics rotate as documented in Section 5.3.4. This allows for more frequent feedback regarding the quality of field response performance. Corrective training occurs more quickly when performance gaps are identified.

Documentation of training activities is performed by MSD's Training Department.



5.3.2. SCHEDULE FOR TRAINING

Approximately once per quarter, employees that have the potential to identify, respond or otherwise report overflows and bypasses, receive one hour of field response training. Each module covers specific elements of the SORP process, including time-sensitive response and notification, documentation and a brief review of reported overflow data. Training on this schedule ensures that field personnel are familiar with current response and reporting procedures and allows employees who are new to the organization an opportunity to learn about requirements and ask questions. Assessments are completed by staff to demonstrate a baseline understanding of the material covered and to document training attendance.

As the SORP is updated, content and activities are updated accordingly and personnel trained on any changes. SORP overview training is provided to all MSD employees and contractors and fulfills training requirements for staff that do not have specific response duties.

5.3.3. TRAINING FREQUENCY AND PARTICIPATION

Training participation is shown in Table 5.1 by technical area served; frequency is based on individual job title. Not all staff members within MSD will receive training on each module (except for the annual SORP Overview).

5.3.4. DESCRIPTION OF TRAINING MODULES

SORP Overview and Process

Objective: Learners gain knowledge of the purpose, history, policies, procedures governing MSD's SORP, as well as divisional and contractor responsibilities, liability, and consequences of violation. This session includes a knowledge assessment that is recorded during the session and maintained in the personnel training file as a record of attendance and successful completion of the training. The module also provides an update on MSD's overflow response, CMOM, and NMC performance over the past year. This module discusses:

- SORP's purpose, including the role in protecting the public and environment and the regulatory requirements relative to response, cleanup/mitigation and reporting of overflows, including unauthorized discharges, under the Amended Consent Decree and the KPDES permit;
- Review of key definitions (SSO, CSO, unauthorized discharge, overflow, etc.);
- Review of the history of sewer construction in Louisville and how overflows have evolved over time;
- Review of the Clean Water Act and MSD's obligations under permit; Review of divisional and personal liability and consequences of violations of the SORP;
- A review of any key components changed in the SORP; and
- · SORP Process Map.

Preparing for Overflows, Monitoring, and Mobilization

Objective: MSD personnel learn about tools available to monitor for dry and wet weather overflows. This session includes a knowledge assessment that is recorded during the session and maintained in the personnel training file as a record of attendance and successful completion of the training. The module also provides an



update on MSD's overflow response, CMOM, and NMC performance over the past quarter. In addition to the details covered under SORP Overview and Process, this module discusses:

- · Monitoring methods, equipment, systems and tools;
- · Channels of communication, once notification is made;
- · First responder actions; and
- Evaluation of needed resources for comprehensive response.

Assessment, Mitigation and Documentation

Objective: MSD personnel learn about estimating overflow volumes, setting up appropriate control zones around impacted areas, what they should do to stop/mitigate overflows and what documentation is required. This session includes a video exercise to estimate overflow volumes using the Project WIN portable overflow manhole and volume estimation guide. This session includes a knowledge assessment that is recorded during the session and maintained in the personnel training file as a record of attendance and successful completion of the training. The module also provides an update on MSD's overflow response, CMOM, and NMC performance over the past quarter. This module discusses:

- · How to confirm an overflow is occurring or about to occur;
- · How to determine the cause of the overflow;
- How to determine resources required for mitigation of the discharge;
- The definition of an impacted area and the basic components of a proper control zone, when to set a control zone, who sets it, how long it remains in place and proper placement of control zones;
- Different types of control zones (barricades, cones, vehicles, caution tape, signage);
- How to identify safety hazards in the area, including hazardous materials;
- · Estimating volumes; and
- Minimum documentation required for the initial report.

Public Notification and Overflow Cleanup

Objective: MSD personnel learn about the different ways MSD increases public awareness of overflows in the community. In the second part of the session, detailed instructions for cleaning an impacted area after an overflow are provided. This session includes a knowledge assessment that is recorded during the session and maintained in the personnel training file as a record of attendance and successful completion of the training.



The module also provides an update on MSD's overflow response, CMOM, and NMC performance over the past quarter. This module discusses:

- · Control zones as a public notification;
- Temporary signs, door Hangers and customer notification;
- Time-sensitive notifications for significant discharges;
- Permanent signs;
- · Annual notifications, advertisements and publications;
- Web-based notifications;
- Cleanup and disinfection of overflow locations, including time frames and responsibility;
- Desired end result of cleanup/disinfection, including minimum levels of cleanup and cleanup documentation required; and
- Types of cleanup and disinfection practices MSD may employ (manual and mechanical) and proper disposal techniques/procedures.

Reporting Follow-up

Objective: MSD personnel learn how to complete the Overflow Report Form and data entry requirements are discussed in detail. MSD personnel also learn to enter data directly into the IPS database for the purpose of documenting overflows. MSD personnel also review each of the various reports that are published and submitted to regulators. This session includes a knowledge assessment that is recorded during the session and maintained in the personnel training file as a record of attendance and successful completion of the training. The module also provides an update on MSD's overflow response, CMOM, and NMC performance over the past quarter. This module discusses:

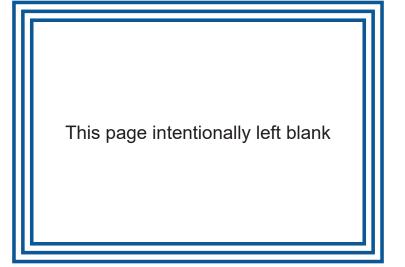
- Discharge types and discharging asset types;
- · Appropriate timestamps for reporting;
- · How to assign work orders in IPS;
- Problem, condition and result code definitions;
- · Recording inspection results;
- Follow-up steps necessary to complete the work order, and the responsibility for data quality;
- Documentation of inspection routes and cleanup service requests;
- Contingency reporting steps in the event of a IPS outage, email outage, or both;
- · Regulatory reporting details and frequency; and
- Common data errors.



Table 5.1. Required Training by Division / Department / Technical Area

DIVISION / DEPARTMENT / TECHNICAL AREA	SORP OVERVIEW & PROCESS	OVERFLOWS, MONITORING & MOBILIZATION	ASSESSMENT, MITIGATION & DOCUMENTATION	PUBLIC NOTIFICATION & OVERFLOW CLEANUP	REPORTING ONLY
Engineering / Development & Stormwater Services	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Engineering / Regulatory Compliance, Records and GIS Services / GIS Services	X				
Engineering / Regulatory Compliance, Records and GIS Services / Regulatory Compliance and Asset Management	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
Engineering / Technical Services	Х	X	X	X	Х
Executive	Х				
Executive / Community Benefits & Partnerships	Х				
Executive / Government & Public Affairs	Х				
Executive / Innovation, Customer Relations & Dispatch	Х				Х
Executive / Records & Information Governance	Х				
Facilities, Safety & Security	Х				
Finance	Х				
Human Resources	Х				
Information Technology	Х				
Legal	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Administration					
Operations / Collections System and Emergency Response	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Fleet Services	Х				
Operations / Flood Protection	Х	X	X	X	Х
Operations / Laboratory Services	Х				
Operations / Operations Control	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Support Services / Field Engineering	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Support Services / Industrial Waste	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
Operations / Support Services / Performance	Х				Х
Operations / Treatment Facilities	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Treatment Facilities (Maintenance)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Wastewater and Drainage / Drainage	Х				
Operations / Wastewater and Drainage / Linear Assets Support	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Operations / Wastewater and Drainage / Sanitary	Х	Х	X	Χ	Х
Supply Chain and Economic Inclusion	Х				

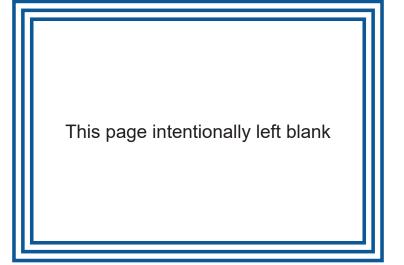






APPENDIX A MSD Collection, Transmission, and Treatment System

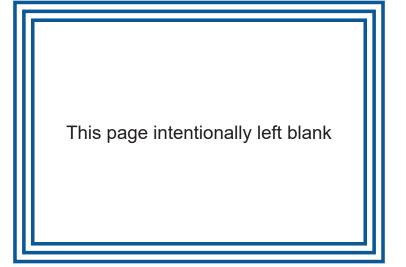






APPENDIX A-1 BULLITT COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT



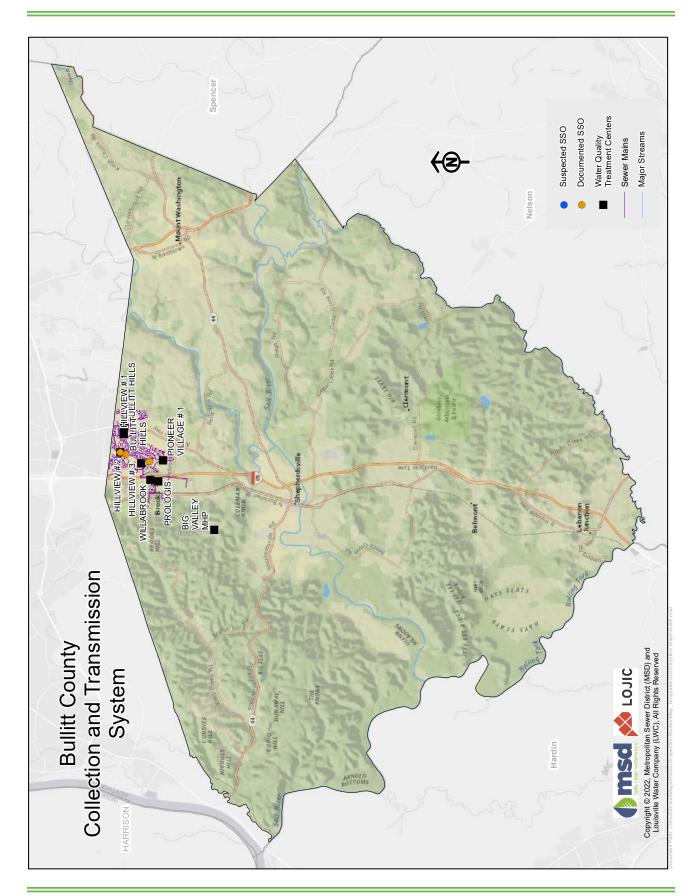




WQTC NAME	ASSET ID	KPDES	CAPACITY (MGD)	ADF (MGD)	INSTALLATION DATE	RECORD DRAWING	SERVICE STATUS	OWNED
BIG VALLEY MHP	MSD0505	MSD0505 KY0072168	0.070	0.017	6/19/2002	16671-1	ı	MSD
BULLITT HILLS	MSD0509	KY0034801	0.350	0.251	5/1/1960	16551-1	ı	MSD
HILLVIEW #1	MSD0506 KY00341	KY0034151	0.231	0.125	6/1/1988	16660-1	ı	MSD
HILLVIEW #2	MSD0507 KY00341	KY0034169	0.320	0.214	8/1/1964	16585-1	ı	MSD
HILLVIEW #3	MSD0508	MSD0508 KY0034177	0.148	0.135	5/1/1969	16607-1	-	MSD
PIONEER VILLAGE	MSD0512 KY00341	KY0034185	0.310	0.346	8/1/1971	16573-1	ı	MSD
PROLOGIS	MSD0515	MSD0515 KY0103900	0.150	0.035	12/1/2000	16712A-19	ı	MSD
WILLABROOK	MSD0511	MSD0511 KY0094307	0.120	0.103	6/19/2002	16540-3	ı	MSD
Total			1.699					8

WQTC NAME	SERVICE AREA (MI2)	SANITARY MAINS (MI)	MANHOLES	CATCH BASINS	SANITARY PS	FLOOD PS	CUSTOMERS
BIG VALLEY MHP	-	1	12	-	1	-	
BULLITT HILLS	2	14	311	-		-	
HILLVIEW #1	0	9	135	18		-	
HILLVIEW #2	0	7	130	17	1	-	
HILLVIEW #3	0	3	61	-	2	-	
PIONEER VILLAGE	1	11	216	-	2	-	
PROLOGIS	1	2	19	-	2	-	
WILLABROOK	2	14	246	-	8	-	
Total		69	1,130	35	30	-	4,094

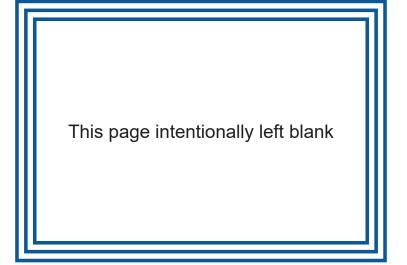






APPENDIX A-2 JEFFERSON COUNTY



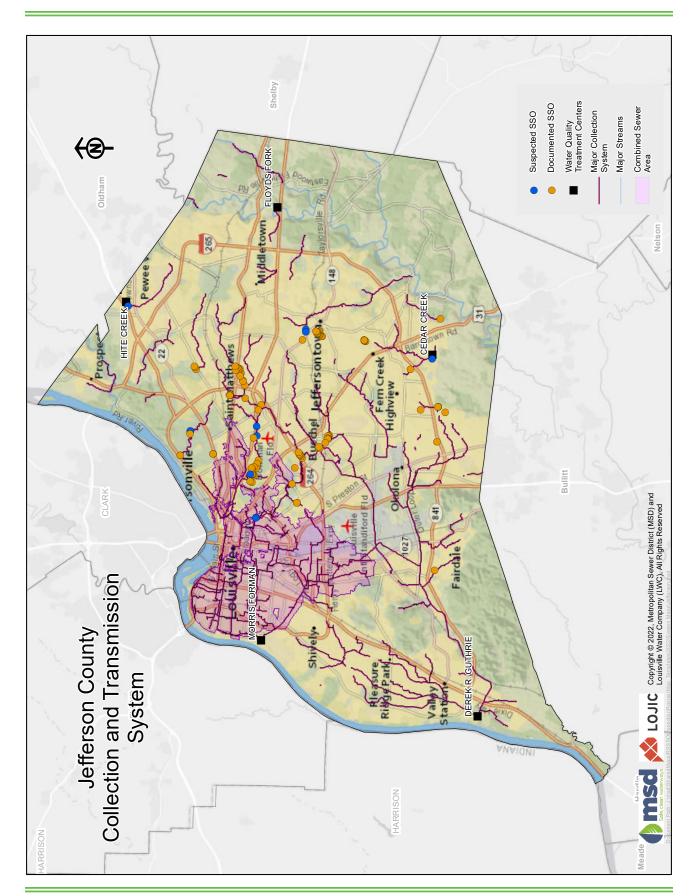




OWNED	ΩSW	ПSМ	ΩSW	ПSМ	ПSМ	2
SERVICE STATUS	-	-	1	_	-	
RECORD DRAWING	11452-8	09198-36	12445-5	07004-1	12203-1	
INSTALLATION DATE	6/9/1995	5/31/1986	2/20/2001	10/1/1970	2/16/1956	
ADF (MGD)	4.790	31.127	3.764	4.238	85.448	
CAPACITY (MGD)	7.500	60.000	6.500	9.000	120.000	203.000
KPDES	MSD0289 KY0098540	KY0078956	MSD0294 KY0102784	MSD0202 KY0022420	KY0022411	
ASSET	MSD0289	MSD0277	MSD0294	MSD0202	MSD0278	
WQTC NAME	CEDAR CREEK	DEREK R. GUTHRIE MSD0277 KY0078956	FLOYDS FORK	HITE CREEK	MORRIS FORMAN MSD0278 KY0022411	Total

WQTC NAME	SERVICE AREA (MI2)	SANITARY MAINS (MI)	MANHOLES	CATCH BASINS	SANITARY PS	FLOOD	CUSTOMERS
CEDAR CREEK	34	243	6,201	4,656	34	-	20,246
DEREK R. GUTHRIE	102	930	21,411	16,583	37	3	68,296
FLOYDS FORK	38	226	5,681	4,972	34	-	11,107
HITE CREEK	26	226	5,285	3,870	54	-	11,509
MORRIS FORMAN	134	1,774	41,159	43,678	89	12	134,205
Total	333	3,400	79,737	73,759	248	15	245,363







Additional Activities under the Second Amended Consent Decree

- Permanent overflow advisory signs are installed at permitted CSO locations and other fixed-asset locations known to overflow on a recurring basis within the separate sanitary sewer system. Permanent overflow warning signs are also installed at all points of public access to creeks and streams impacted by overflows within the service area. The signs include a phone number for customer inquiries. All permanent signs have an enhanced warning message written in English, as well as in Spanish. These signs are inspected annually and replaced or cleaned, if defaced. An example of an permanent overflow advisory sign can be found on the following page.
- MSD reports unauthorized discharges to EPA following the procedures documented in Section 4.1. Notifications are provided to the following email address: sayre.dennis@epa.gov. EPA can request changes to this notification.
- Each fiscal year by February 28, MSD submits a summary of unauthorized discharges and bypasses that
 occurred from July 1 to December 31 of the current fiscal year in the Second Amended Consent Decree
 Mid-Year Status Report. MSD also reviews and submits proposed changes to this SORP as a component
 of the report.
- Each fiscal year by September 30, MSD submits a summary of previous fiscal year unauthorized discharges, bypasses, exterior overflows, and backups into buildings that are caused by a problem on the main to EPA and KDEP in the Second Amended Consent Decree Annual Report.
- The Mid-Year Status and Second Amended Consent Decree Reports are sent to:

One copy to:

Chief, Water Enforcement Branch Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth Street SW Atlanta, GA 30303

One copy to:

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section Environmental and Natural Resources Division U.S. Department of Justice Post Office Box 7611 Washington, DC 20044-7611

Two copies to:

Director, Division of Enforcement Department of Environmental Protection 300 Sower Boulevard, 3rd Floor

 As proposed SORP changes are approved by EPA and KDEP, MSD provides copy of the updated SORP to the KDOW Louisville Regional Office within 15 days.



WARNING ADVERTENCIA

DURING AND AFTER RAIN EVENTS

The surface water in this area contains runoff contaminants and is subject to sewage overflows. Avoid contact with water, due to increased health risk, during these times. For more information, visit our website or call the telephone number below.



DURANTE Y DESPUES DE LLUVIA

El agua en esta área contiene contaminantes recogidos por la lluvia en el suelo y las calles, y está sujeto a desbordamientos de las alcantarillas sanitarias. Evite contacto con el agua durante y despues de la lluvia debido a riesgo de salud. Para más información, visite nuestro página del internet o llama al teléfono que aparece a continuación.

SIGN/SEÑAL

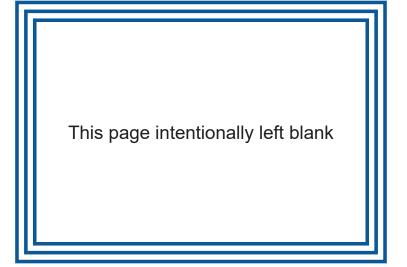
502.587.0603 louisvilleMSD.org





APPENDIX A-3 OLDHAM COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITY



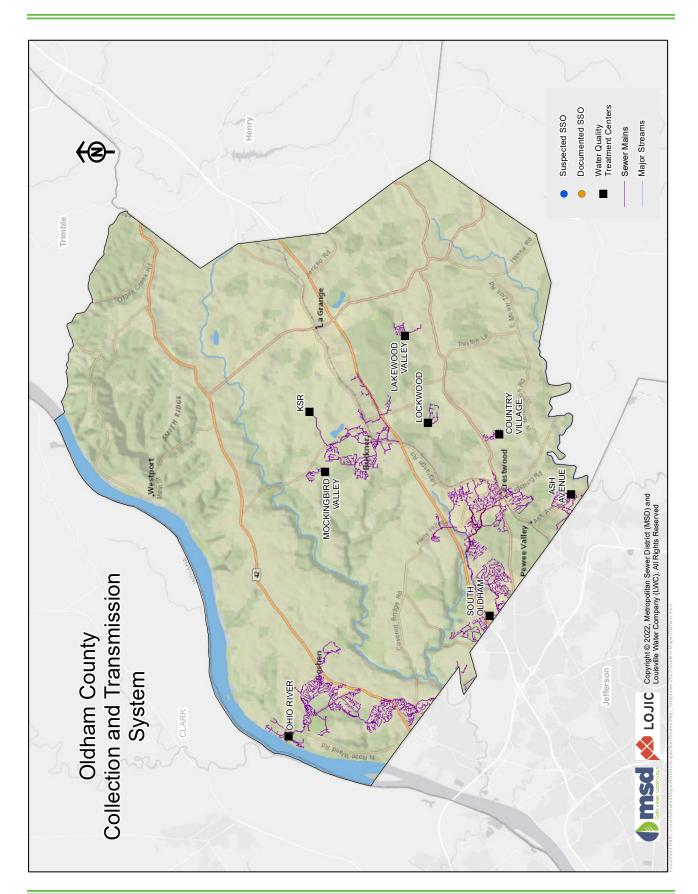




WQTC NAME	ASSET ID	KPDES	CAPACITY (MGD)	ADF (MGD)	INSTALLATION DATE	RECORD DRAWING	SERVICE STATUS	OWNED
COUNTRY VILLAGE MSD0413 KY0060577	MSD0413	KY0060577	090'0	0.036	1/1/1966	16274-1	_	MSD
KSR	MSD0411	MSD0411 KY0040126	1.000	0.535	1/1/1991	16351-2	_	MSD
LAKEWOOD VALLEY	MSD0408	MSD0408 KY0039870	0.100	0.050	1/1/1976	16318-16	_	QSW
LOCKWOOD	MSD0412	MSD0412 KY0054674	0.045	0.016	1/1/1975	FLD	_	MSD
MOCKINGBIRD VALLEY	MSD0409	MSD0409 KY0076813	0.040	0.017	1/1/1978	16328-2	_	QSW
OHIO RIVER	MSD0407	MSD0407 KY0106143	1.500	0.546	1/1/2007	16355-1	_	MSD
SOUTH OLDHAM	MSD0414	MSD0414 KY0111716	1.250	0.276	3/14/2016	16360-1	_	MSD
Total			3.995					7

WQTC NAME	SERVICE AREA (MI2)	SANITARY MAINS (MI)	MANHOLES	CATCH BASINS	SANITARY PS	FLOOD	CUSTOMERS
COUNTRY VILLAGE	0	3	69	1	2		
KSR	1	36	675	1	20	•	
LAKEWOOD VALLEY	0	4	66	-	2	ı	
LOCKWOOD	0	3	78	1	1	1	
MOCKINGBIRD VALLEY	0	2	52	-	2	ı	
OHIO RIVER	5	64	1,219	23	25	-	
SOUTH OLDHAM	1	19	472	22	6	-	
Total	8	131	2,664	45	61	ı	5,288

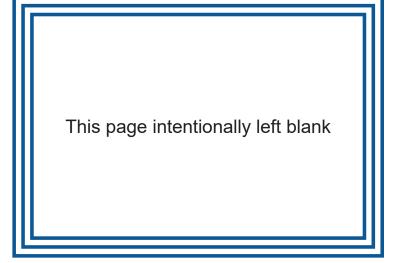






APPENDIX B MSD ORGANIZATIONAL CHART









Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District

Organizational Chart Effective 01/08/2024

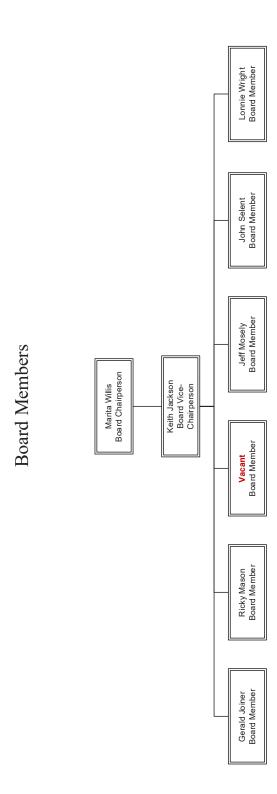
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Organizational Summary

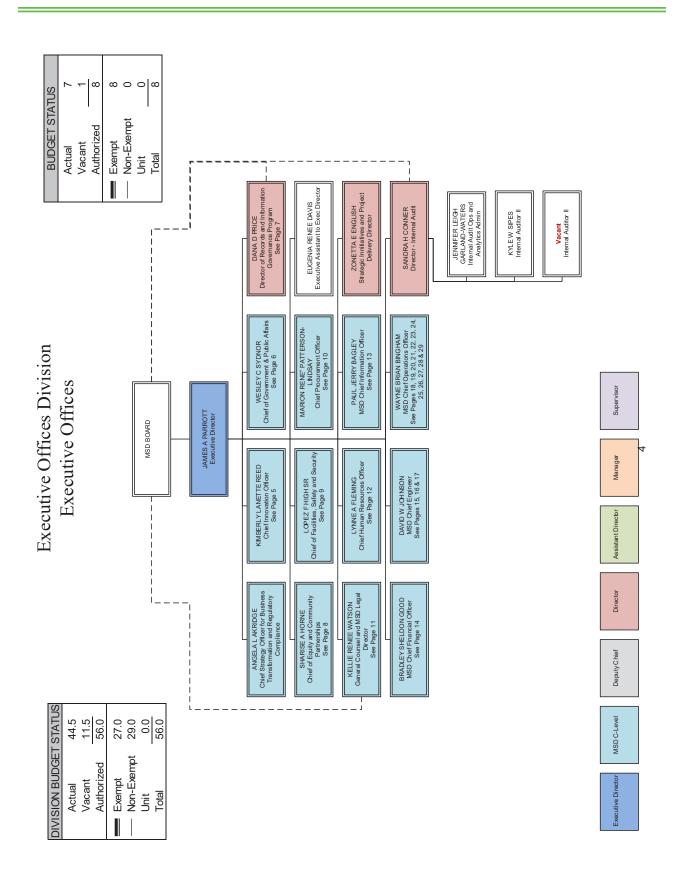
	<u>Total</u> <u>Positions</u>	Current Actual	Vacant (Budgeted)	New/Unbudgeted (Vacant)	Exempt	Non- Exempt	Union	Net Overbudget
Executive Offices Division								
Executive Offices	8	7	1	0	8	0	0	0
Innovation, Customer Relations and Dispatch	24	17	7	0	9	18	0	0
Government & Public Affairs	7	7	0	0	4	က	0	0
Records and Information Governance	6	∞	1	0	33	9	0	0
Community Benefits and Partnerships	∞	9	2	0	9	2	0	0
Facilities, Safety and Security Division	36.5	29.5	9	Н	16	20.5	0	1
Supply Chain and Economic Inclusion Division	27	22	2	0	13	14	0	0
Legal Division	11	∞	ĸ	0	11	0	0	0
Human Resources Division	21	19	2	0	17	4	0	0
Information Technology Division	33	32	1	0	28	2	0	0
Finance Division	23	20	2	П	11	12	0	2
Engineering Division								
Eng Admin, Reg Compliance, Records & GIS	17	17	0	0	11	9	0	1
Engineering Technical Services	53	44	6	0	32	21	0	0
Development & Stormwater Services	33	27	9	0	20	13	0	0
Operations Division								
Administration	4	2	2	0	3	1	0	0
Collections System and Emergency Response	57	48	6	0	14	7	36	0
Treatment Facilities (Maintenance)	20	44	9	0	9	0	44	0
Flood Protection	23	21	2	0	2	0	18	0
Operations Control	15	12	3	0	4	11	0	0
Treatment Facilities	82	78	4	0	18	∞	99	0
Laboratory Services	12	12	0	0	4	∞	0	0
Support Services	40	37	3	0	11	29	0	0
Wastewater and Drainage (Stormwater)	06	80	10	0	10	4	9/	0
Wastewater and Drainage (Linear Assets Support)	44	32	12	0	7	∞	29	0
Wastewater and Drainage (Sanitary)	81	89	13	0	11	1	69	0
Fleet Services	22	17	2	0	5	2	15	0
DISTRICT TOTAL	830.5	714.5	2 114.0	2.0	284.0	203.5	343.0	4.0



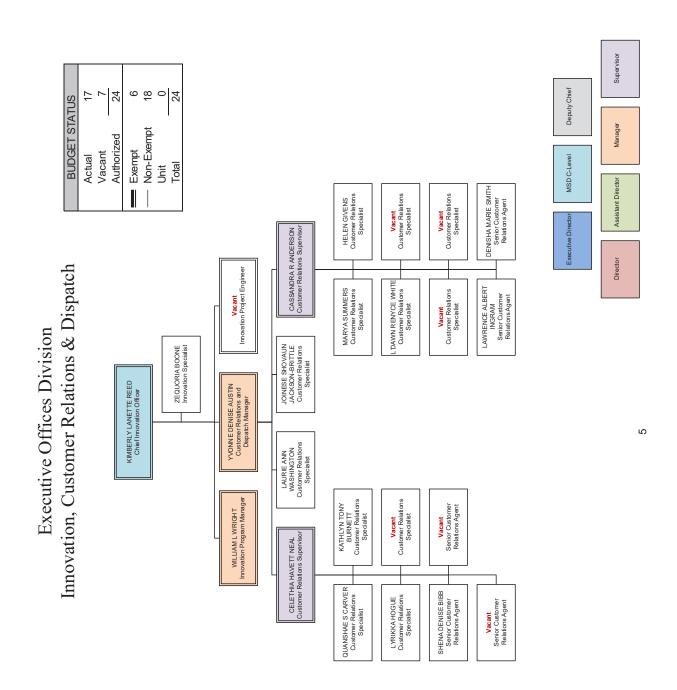


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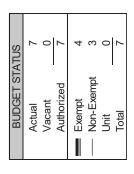


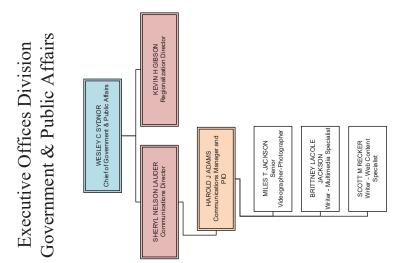












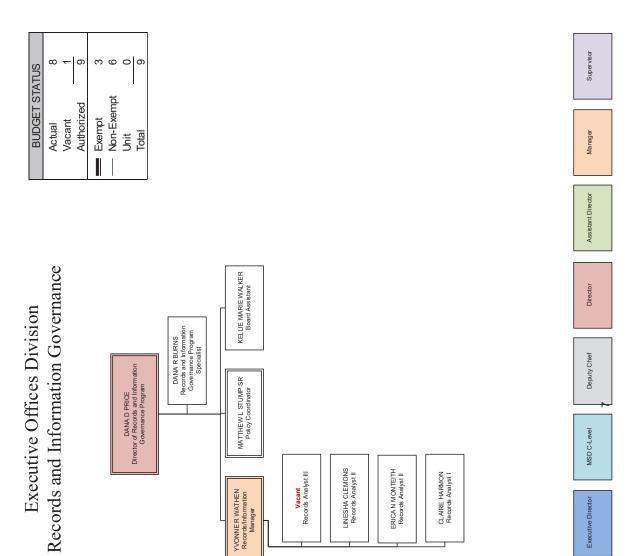
Executive Director

Manager

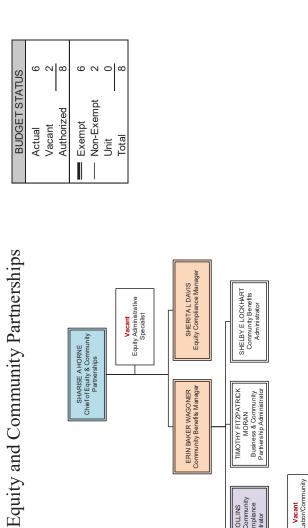
Supervisor

9









TIMOTHY FITZPATRICK
MORAN
Business & Community
Partnership Administrator

MARK D COLLINS
Workforce & Community
Benefits Compliance
Administrator

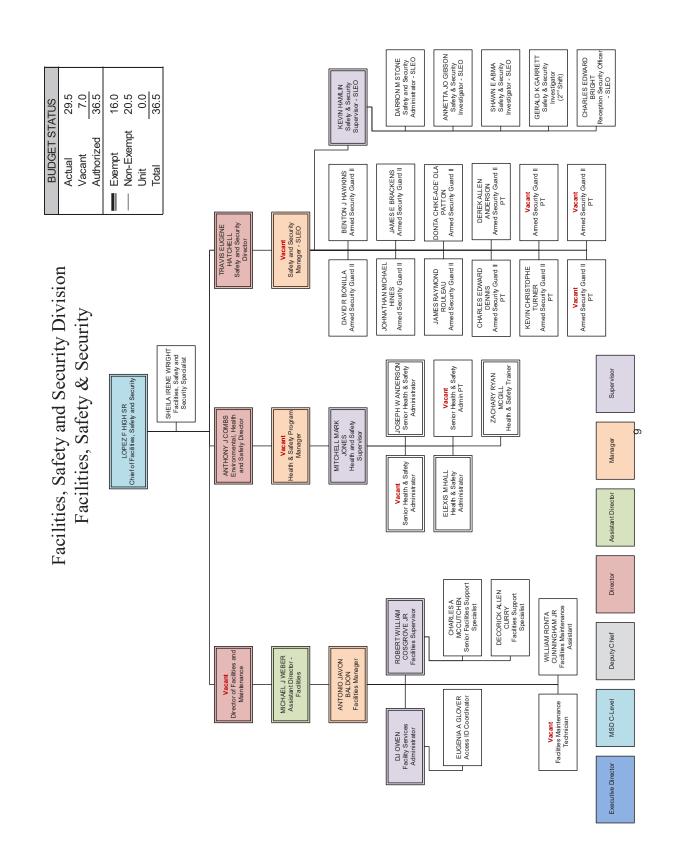
Vacant
Local Labor/Community
Benefits Compliance
Investigator

ERIN BAKER WAGONER Community Benefits Manager

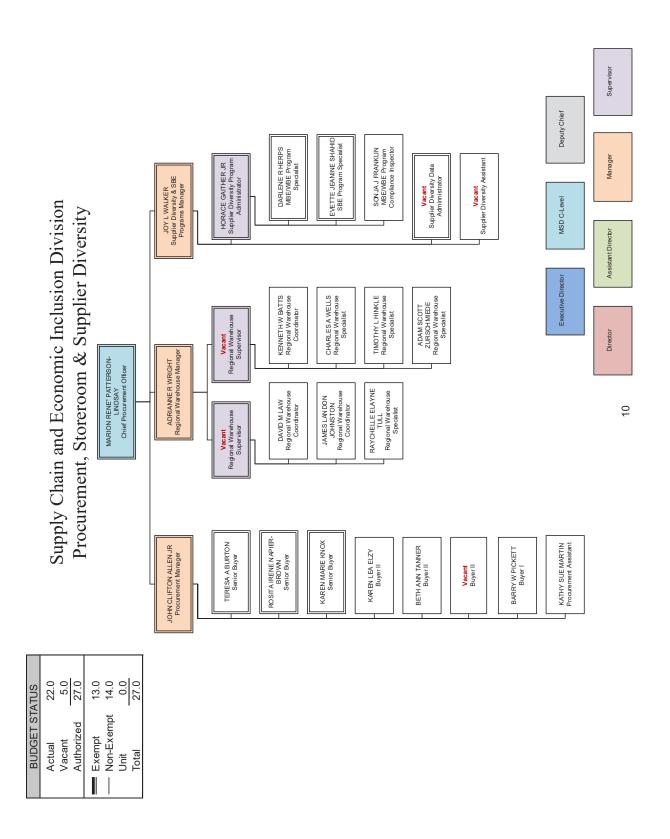
Supervisor Manager Assistant Director Director Deputy Chief MSD C-Level Executive Director

Executive Offices Division

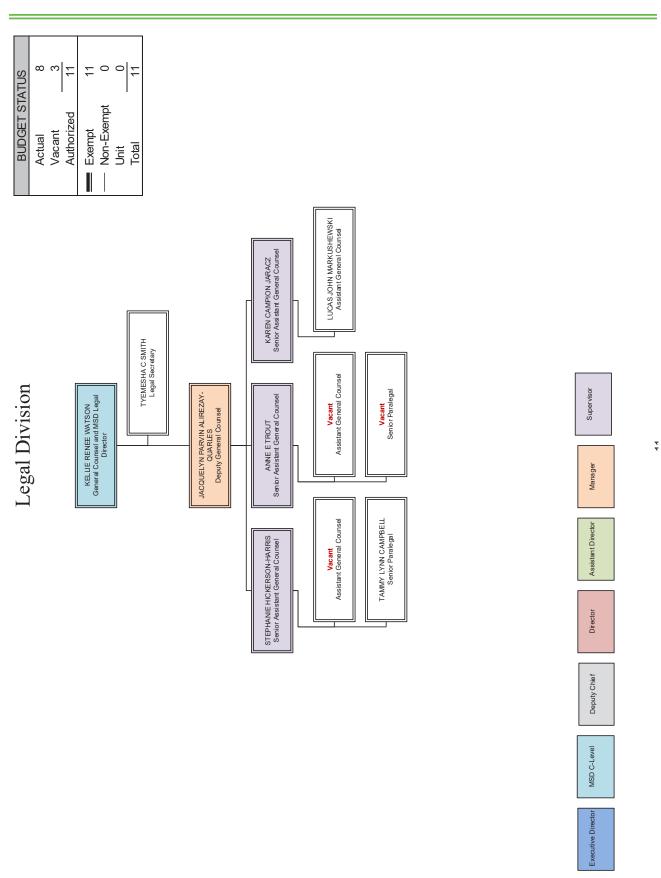




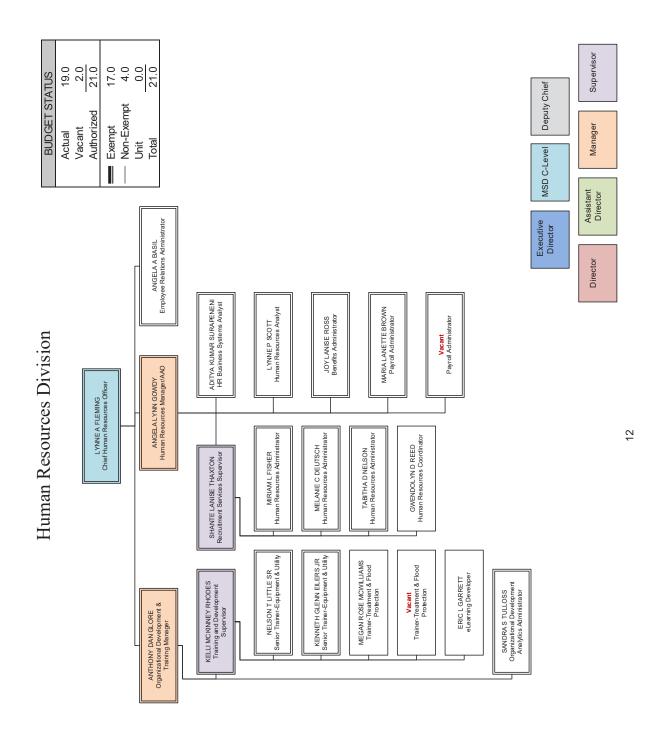




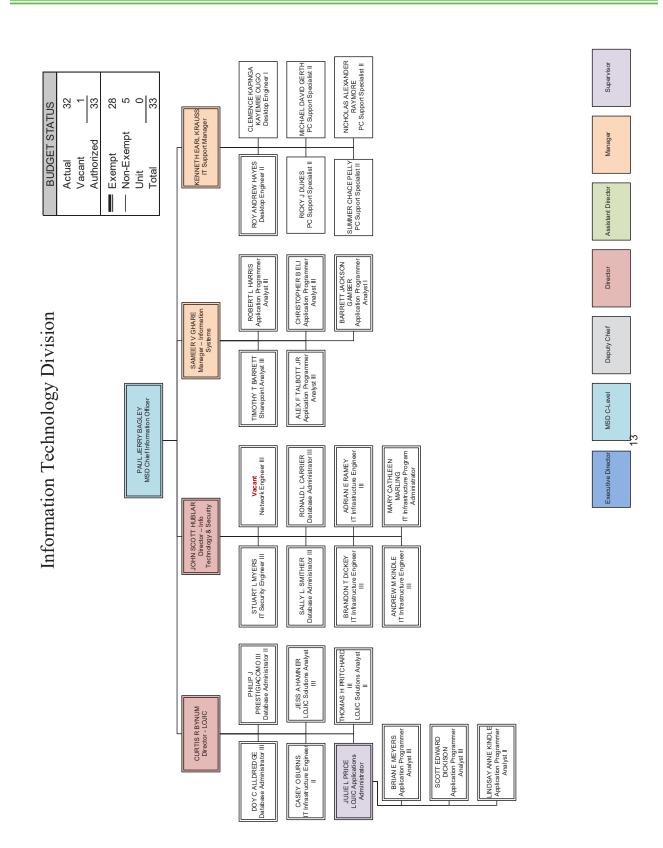




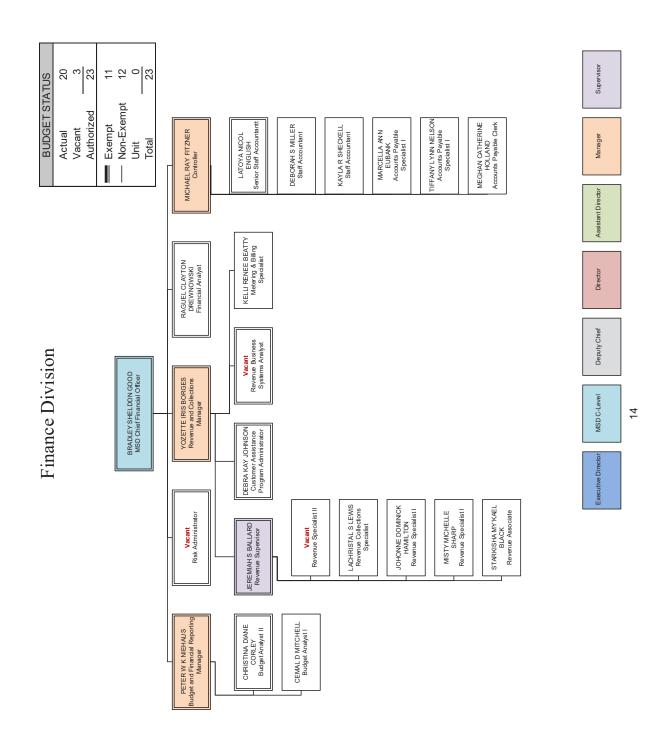




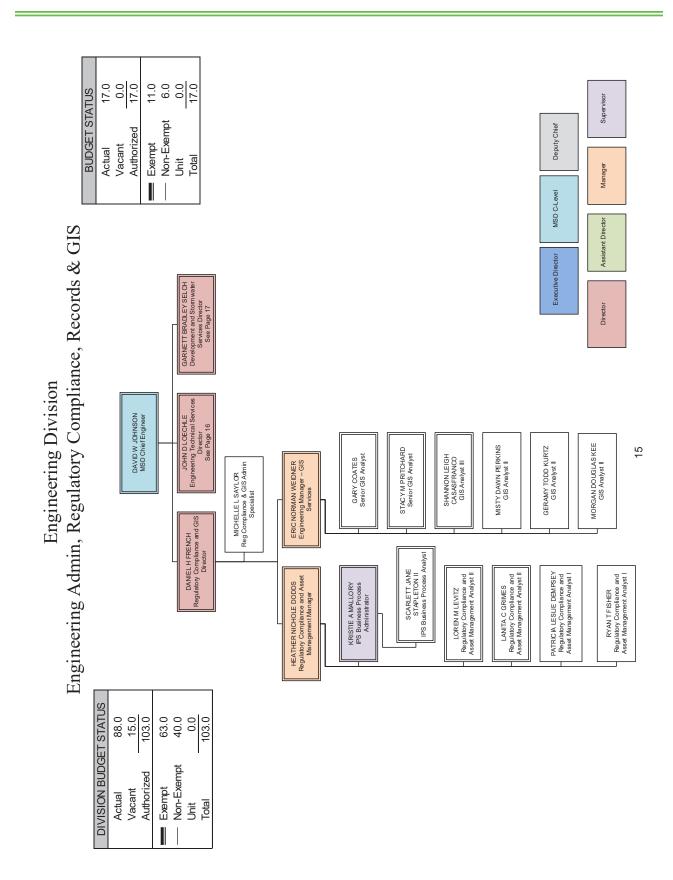




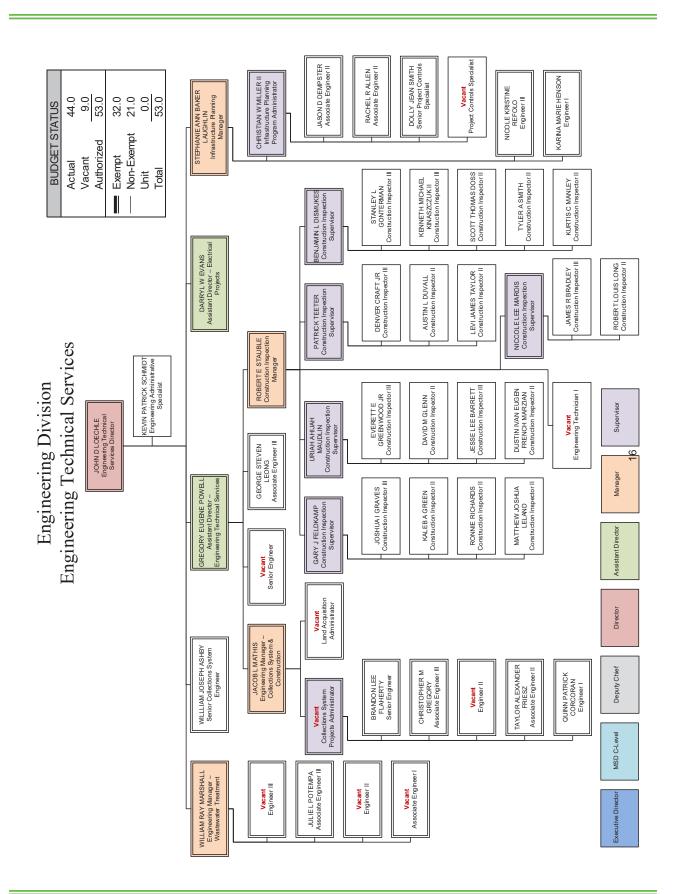




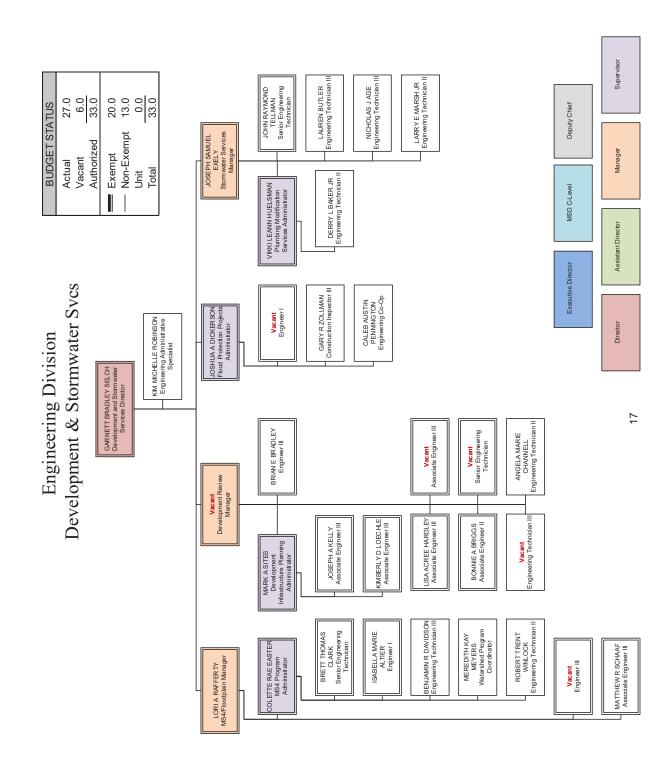




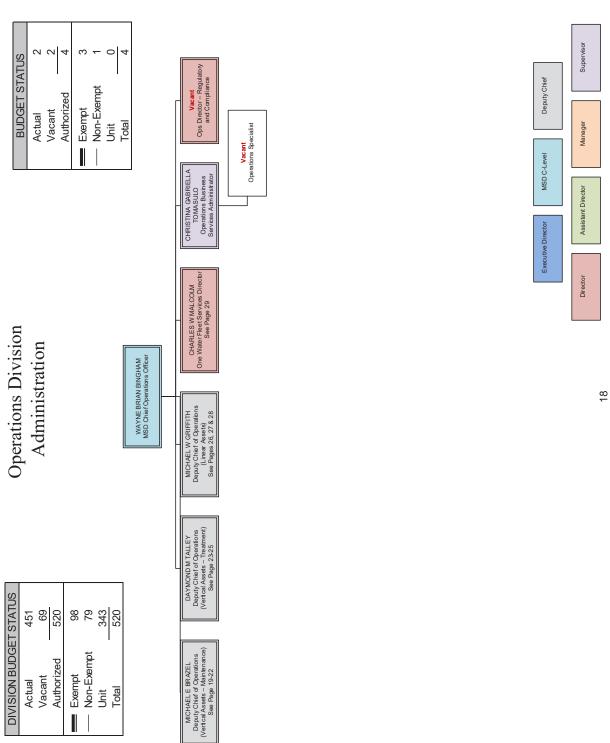




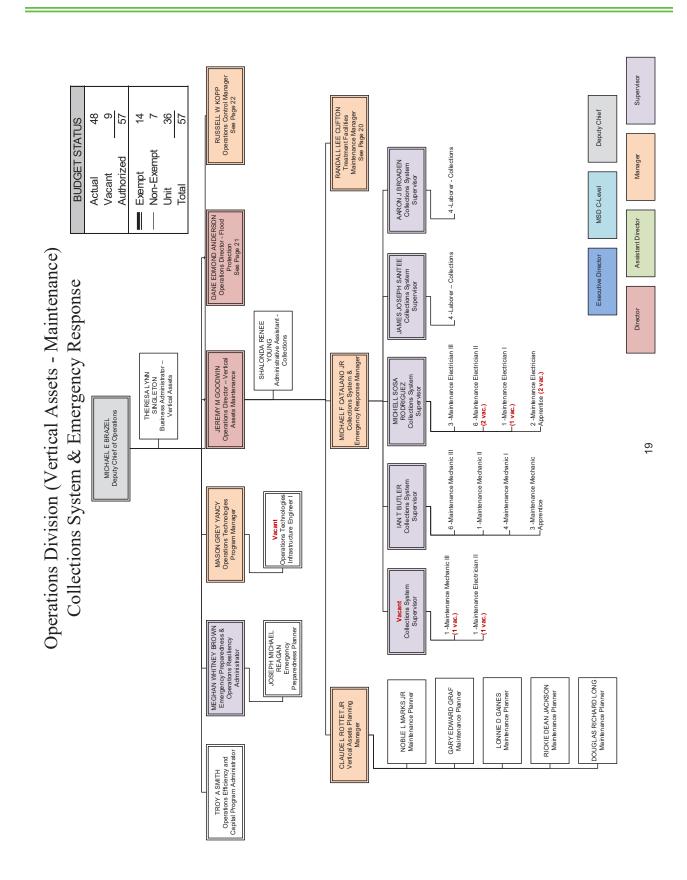




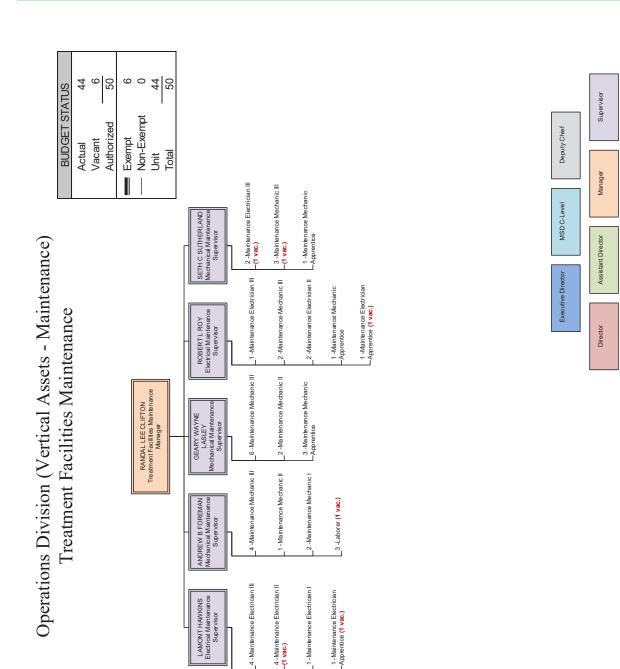






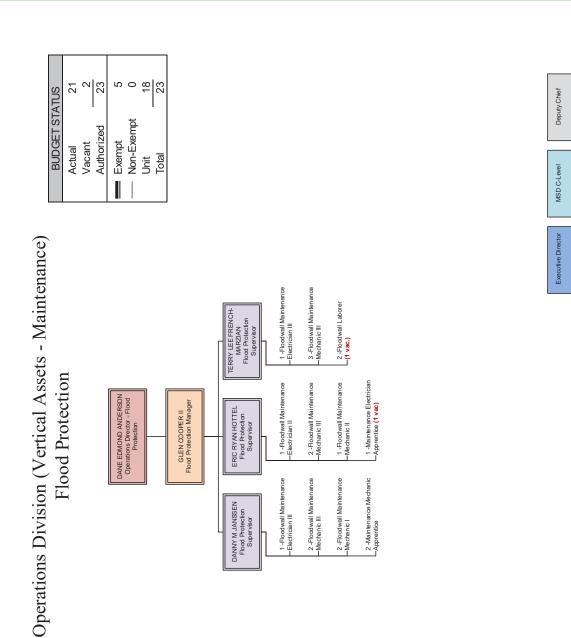






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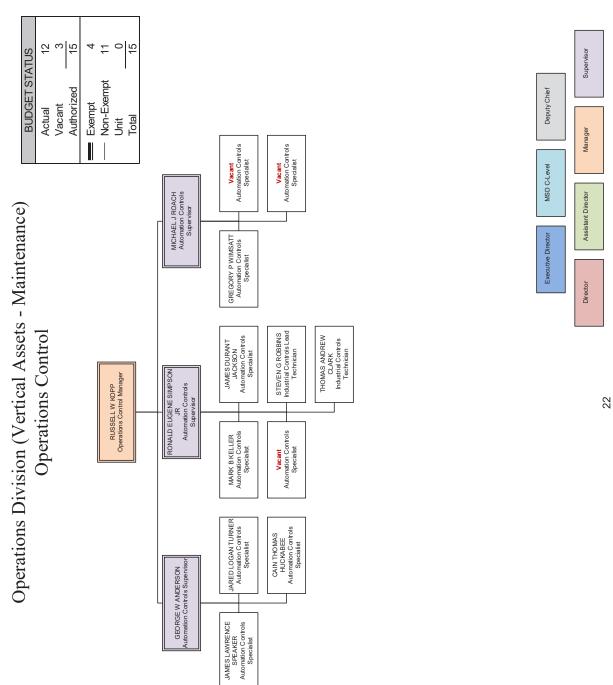
Supervisor

Manager

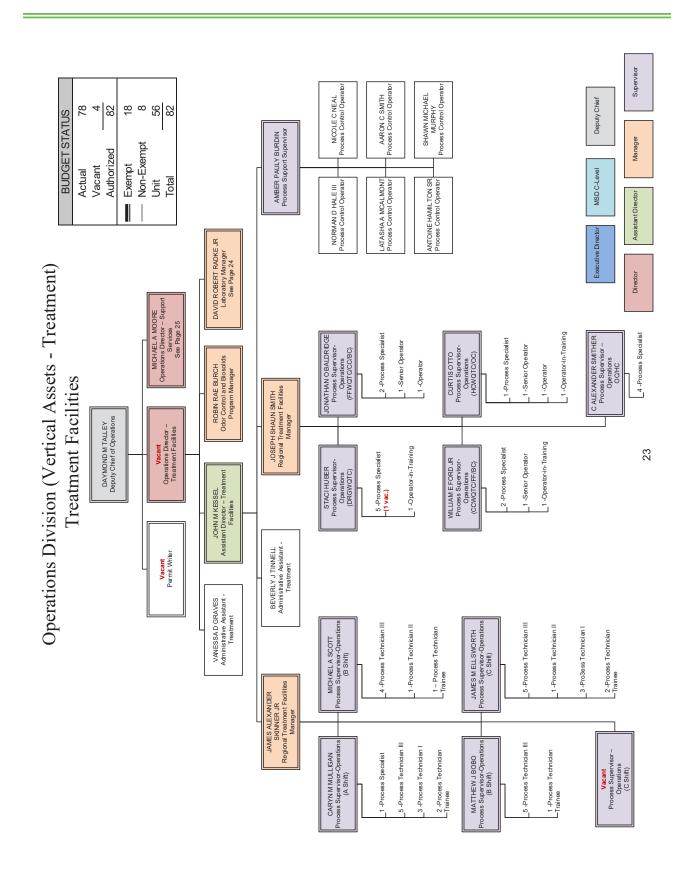
Assistant Director

Director

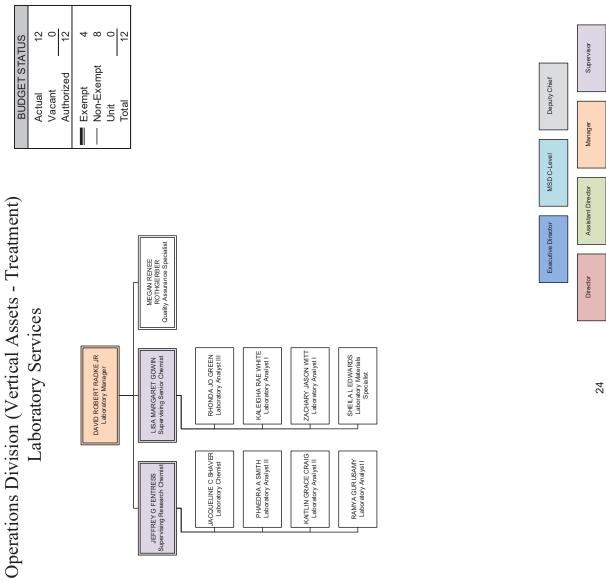




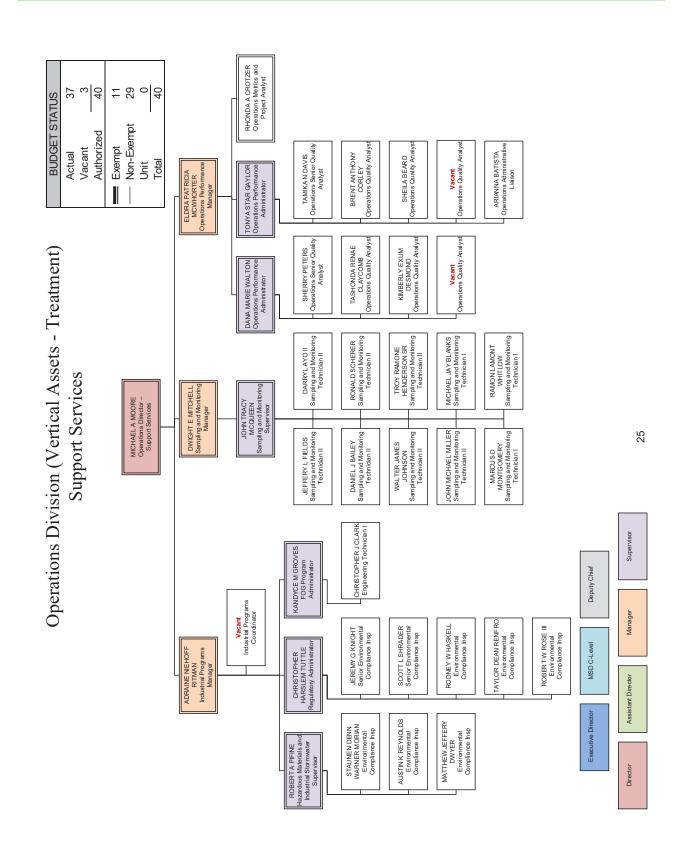




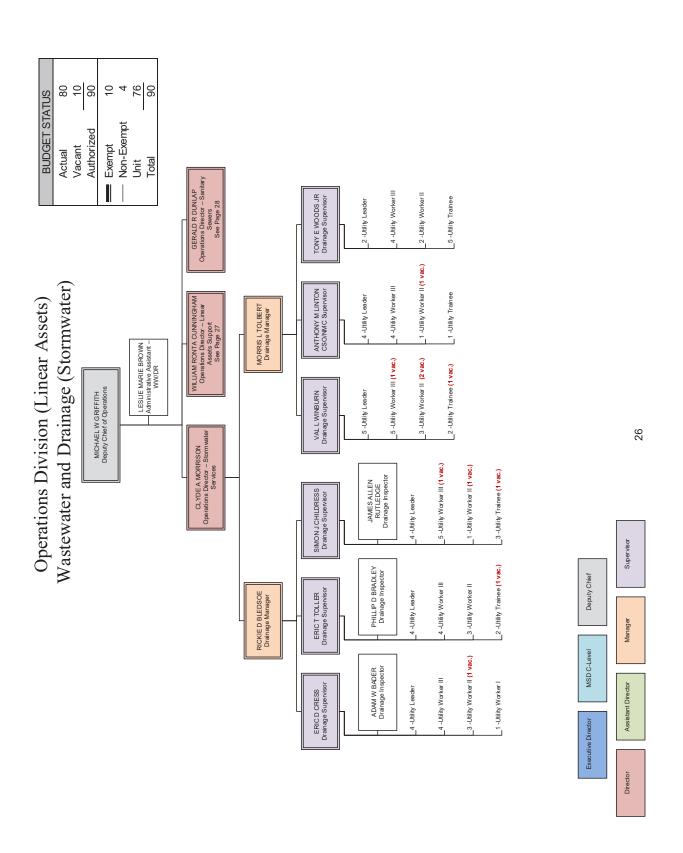




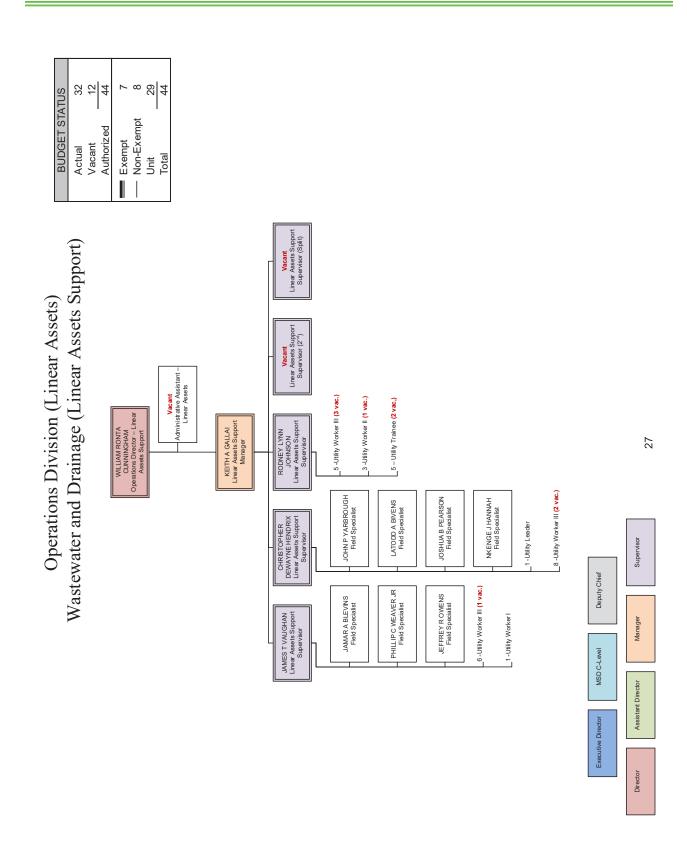




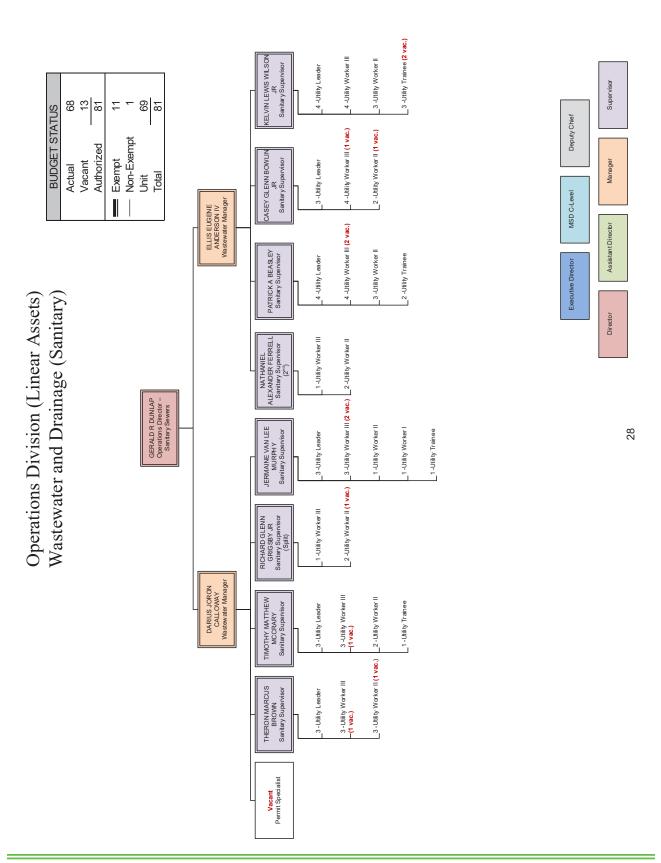




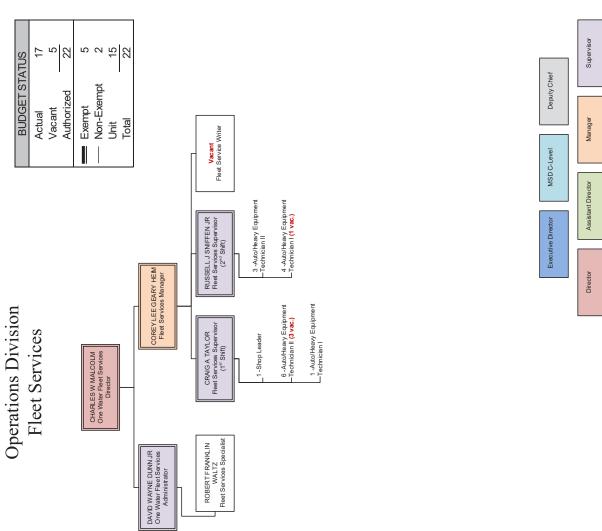






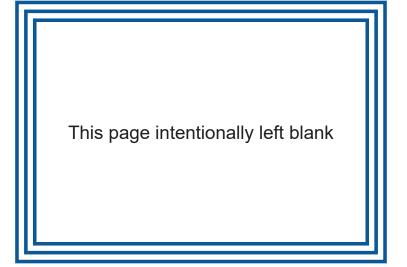






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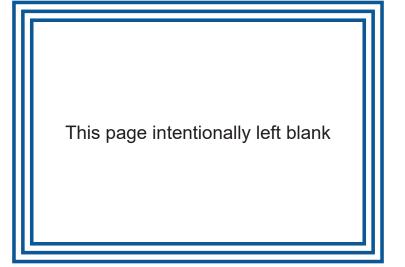






APPENDIX C OVERFLOW RESPONSE MATRIX







		-	an is					
POTENTIAL CLEANUP OPTIONS	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal				
OVERFLOW REPAIR/ MITIGATION OPTIONS	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Pump and haul Repair	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Portable Generator Pump and haul Repair	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Portable Generator Pump and haul Repair	Filtration Flow Diversion Repair				
EVENT-BASED PUBLIC NOTIFICATION	Permanent signage Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers Radio public service announcement	Permanent signage Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers Radio public service announcement	Permanent signage	Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers Radio public service announcement				
CONTROL ZONE OPTIONS	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police				
TYPE OF OVERFLOW IMPACT	Sewer solids/debris Fish kill Stream discoloration	Sewer solids/debris Fish kill Stream discoloration	Sewer solids/debris Fish kill Stream discoloration					
EXTENT OF OVERFLOW IMPACT POSSIBILITIES (RESULT CODE)	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.				
POTENTIAL OVERFLOW CAUSES (PROBLEM CODE)	CAP - Lack of System Capacity ELEC - Electrical Problems (MSD) FLOOD - COE FPS Operations GB - Grease Blockage MECH - Mechanical Failure OBST - Obstruction POWER - Power Outage (LG&E) PUMP - Pumped location R - Roots STRUC - Structural Failure UD - Utility Damage	CAP - Lack of System Capacity ELEC - Electrical Problems (MSD) GB - Grease Blockage MECH - Mechanical Failure OBST - Obstruction POWER - Power Outage (LG&E) PUMP - Pumped location STRUC - Structural Failure UD - Utility Damage	BYPAS - Bypass at a WQTC CAP - Lack of System Capacity ELEC - Electrical Problems (MSD) GB - Grease Blockage MECH - Mechanical Failure STRUC - Structural Failure UPSET - WWTP Process upset	STRUC - Structural Failure UD - Utility Damage				
DISCHARGE WORK ORDER ACTIVITY	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)				
OVERFLOW LOCATIONS	Manhole (SMH)	Pump Station (SLS)	Wastewater Treatment Plant (STP)	Sewer Main (SMN)				

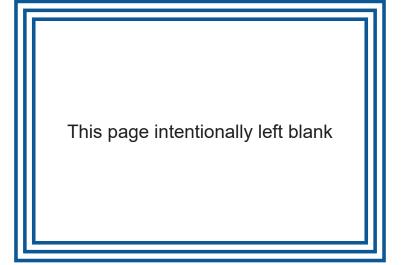


OVERFLOW	DISCHARGE WORK ORDER ACTIVITY	POTENTIAL OVERFLOW CAUSES (PROBLEM CODE)	EXTENT OF OVERFLOW IMPACT POSSIBILITIES (RESULT CODE)	TYPE OF OVERFLOW IMPACT	CONTROL ZONE OPTIONS	EVENT-BASED PUBLIC NOTIFICATION	OVERFLOW REPAIR/ MITIGATION OPTIONS	POTENTIAL CLEANUP OPTIONS
	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	CAP - Lack of System Capacity GB - Grease Blockage MECH - Mechanical Failure OBST - Obstruction POWER - Power Outage (LG&E) PPI - Pumped property issue R - Roots STRUC - Structural Failure UD - Utility Damage	INT - Internal - Basement backup EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	Sewer solids/debris Property damage	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags	Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Repair If Private Property issue, advise property owner to contact licensed plumber	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area If Private Property issue, advise Property Owner to clean up the area
Storm Pump Station (STLS)	Dry Weather (DISDW)	FLOOD - COE FPS Operations	WUS - Waters of the U.S.	Sewer solids/debris Stream Discoloration None observed -underwater	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police No control zone required - underwater	Permanent signage Temporary signage	Operate Station In Accordance with COE manual	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal
	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	CAP - Wet weather surcharge	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	Sewer solids/debris Stream discoloration	Barricades/ cones	Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Repair	MSD Personnel clean and santitize the area MSD Contractors clean and santitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal
	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	MECH - Mechanical STRUC - Structural Failure UD - Utility Damage	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	Sewer solids/debris Stream discoloration	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police	Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Repair	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal
	Dry Weather (DISDW) Wet Weather (DISREV) Suspected (DISSUS)	CAP - Wet weather surcharge STRUC - Structural Failure	EXT - External - Soil/ Pavement WUS - Waters of the U.S.	Sewer solids/debris Stream discoloration	Barricades/ cones Caution tape Flags Traffic control from Metro/ Police	Advised customer Temporary signage Door hangers	Containment Filtration Flow Diversion Repair	MSD Personnel clean and sanitize the area MSD Contractors clean and sanitize the area Rake and bag debris Vacuum removal



APPENDIX D DOCUMENTED / SUSPECTED OVERFLOWS AND WET WEATHER RECONNAISSANCE

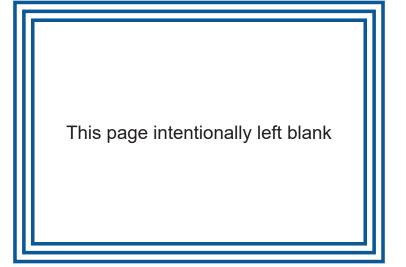






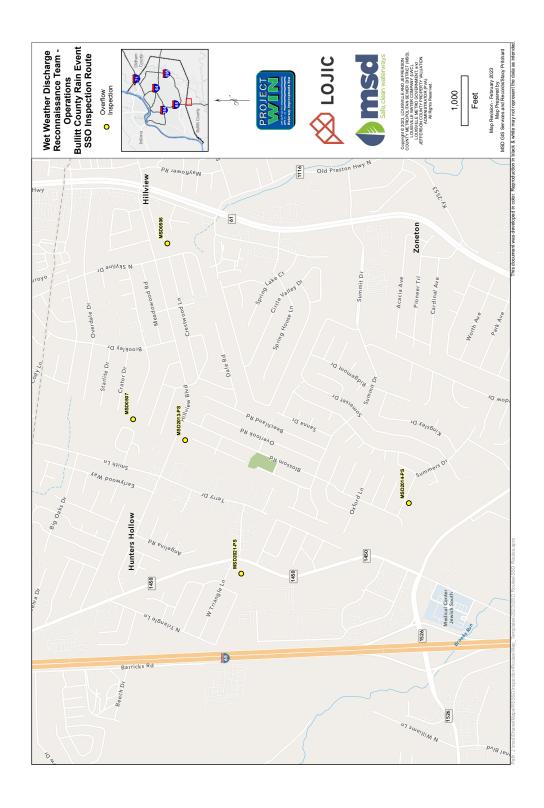
APPENDIX D-1 BULLITT COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT







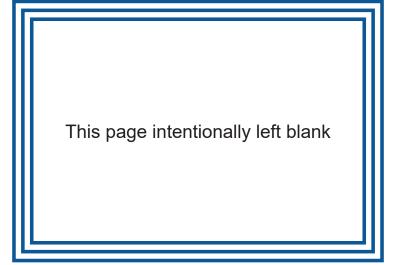
ASSET UNIT ID ASSET GROUP ID	9	ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	STATUS	STATUS EVENTDATE	METERED
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT C	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	O	1/3/2023	
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT O	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	О	12/6/2021	
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT O	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	а	12/11/2021	
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT C	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	a	12/9/2021	
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT C	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	а	12/21/2022	
RS SSO ROUTE BC BULLITT C	BULLITT C	BULLITT COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	О	1/3/2023	





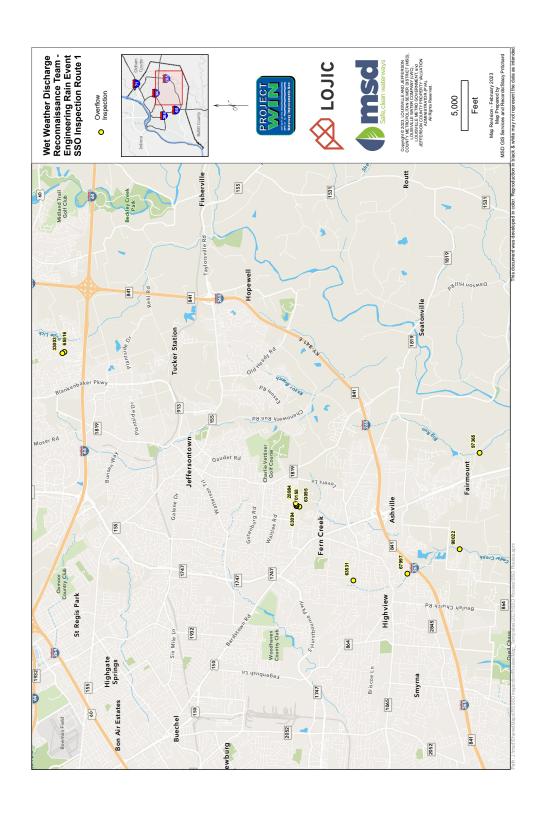
APPENDIX D-2 JEFFERSON COUNTY ENGINEERING ROUTE 1







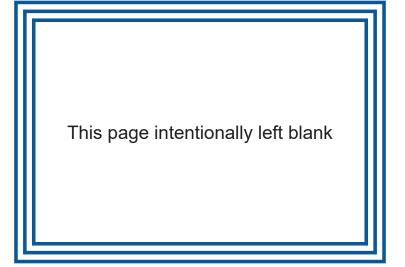
METERED											
EVENTDATE	1/24/2002	1/24/2002	3/25/2023	4/4/2008	4/4/2008	2/17/2022	1/3/2023	4/4/2008	1/24/2002	9/25/2018	1/4/2023
STATUS	Q	Q	S	Q	Q	Ø	В	Q	Q	Q	Ø
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	ENGINEERING RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE										
ASSET GROUP ID	ENG SSO ROUTE 1										
ASSET UNIT ID	28984	28998	33003	63094	63095	63531	65516	67997	70158	97365	98022





APPENDIX D-3 JEFFERSON COUNTY ENGINEERING ROUTE 2

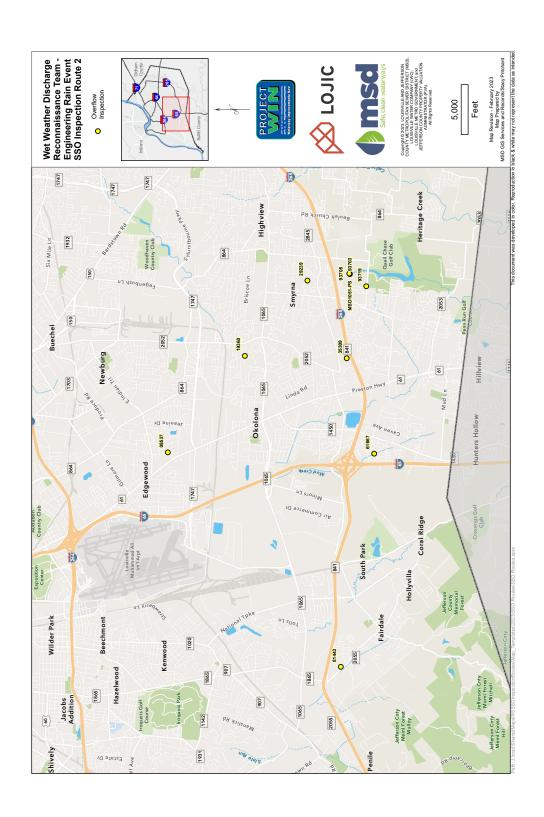






			ĺ	1										
METERED														
EVENTDATE	12/27/2013	3/25/2023	2/25/2011	1/6/2023	10/23/2007	4/3/2015	3/27/2023	6/20/2023	9/9/2018	3/24/2018	1/9/2024	9/24/2018	11/5/2018	4/20/2019
STATUS	В	S	Q	S	٥	В	S	S	Q	Q	ď	Q	a	Q
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	ENGINEERING RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE 2	ENGINEERING RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE 2	ENGINEERING RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE 2											
ASSET GROUP ID	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2	ENG SSO ROUTE 2			
ASSET UNIT ID	08537	19360	29239	29948	35309	61667	61739	64054	81443	93703	93704	93705	93719	MSD1051-PS

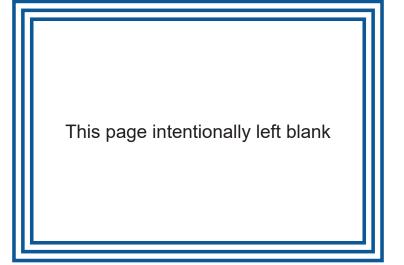






APPENDIX D-4 JEFFERSON COUNTY HIKES POINT





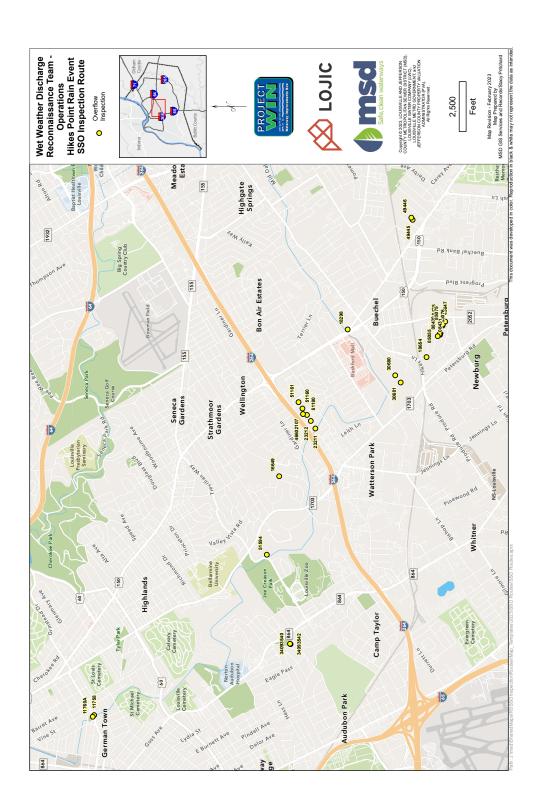


ASSET UNIT ID	ASSET GROUP ID	ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	STATUS	EVENTDATE	METERED
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	2/25/2011	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	2/25/2011	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	4/22/2021	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	6/22/2011	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	2/25/2011	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	1/24/2002	×
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	10/6/2013	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	6/22/2011	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	2/22/2000	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	4/4/2008	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	5/30/2004	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	10/18/2004	
34093540	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	11/17/2013	
34093542	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	11/17/2013	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	S	6/8/2023	
46602107	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	4/20/2019	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	2/28/2021	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	2/28/2021	
	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	2/28/2011	

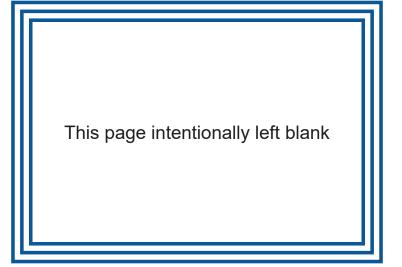


ASSET UNIT ID	ASSET UNIT ID ASSET GROUP ID	ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	STATUS	STATUS EVENTDATE	METERED
51160	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	4/4/2008	
51161	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	4/4/2008	
51180	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	12/5/2011	
51594	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	9/12/2006	
85055	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	4/22/2021	
85075	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	4/13/2022	
85076	RS SSO ROUTE HP	OPERATIONS HIKES POINT RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	1/3/2023	





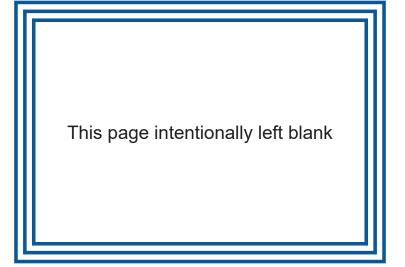






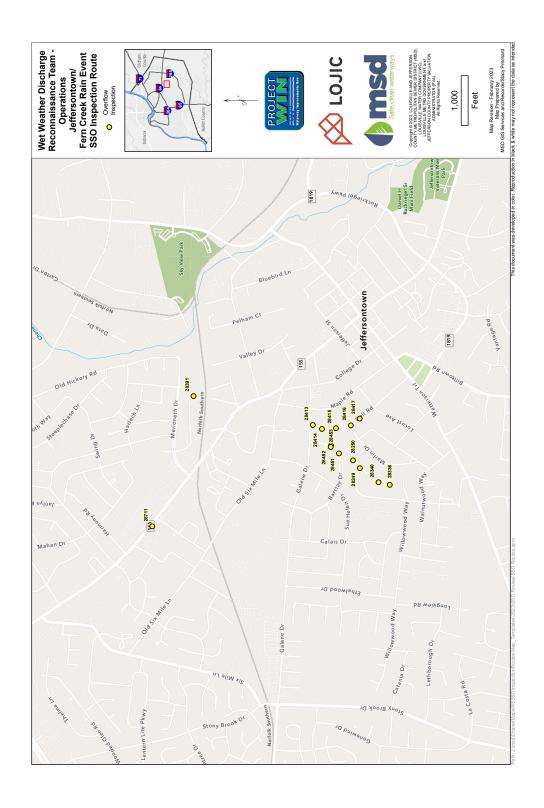
APPENDIX D-5 JEFFERSON COUNTY JEFFERSONTOWN / FERN CREEK







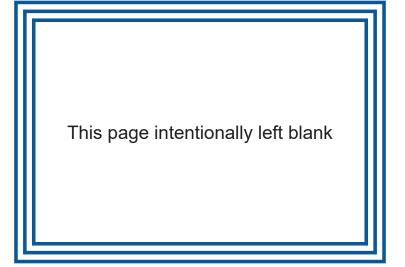
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	STATUS EVENTDATE
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	NN- D 3/12/2006
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	AIN- D 1/3/2005
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	AIN- D 8/30/2005
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	AIN- D 1/3/2005
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	AIN- D 3/20/2002
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	ANN- D 1/3/2005
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 12/19/2002
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	SAIN- D 4/4/2008
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 4/4/2008
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 10/28/2015
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 11/30/2019
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 10/28/2015
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	RAIN- D 9/24/2018
OPERATIONS J-TOWN/FERN CREEK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	EAIN- S 9/4/2023





APPENDIX D-6 JEFFERSON COUNTY MIDDLE / MUDDY FORK BEARGRASS CREEK







ASSET GROUP ID	ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION S	STATUS	EVENTDATE	METERED
RS SSO ROUTE OF	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	æ	4/20/2019	
<u>P</u>	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	۵	3/19/2008	
P.	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	3/4/2008	
P	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	D	3/19/2008	
P.	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	11/29/2001	×
Ö	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	٦	3/4/2021	
P.	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	O	3/4/2008	×
<u>Р</u>	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Q	12/5/2011	
Q.	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	O	12/5/2011	
Ю	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	D	12/5/2011	
P	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	D	7/12/2015	
Р	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	S	3/2/2021	
OF	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	2/24/2018	
P	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Г	2/12/2019	
OF	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	2/24/2018	
Р	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	В	2/12/2019	
P	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	D	1/14/2013	×
OF	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	D	1/11/2014	
P O	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	0	2/5/2014	



METERED			×					×											
EVENTDATE	7/1/2003	3/9/2019	11/29/2011	3/5/2021	7/29/2022	1/10/2022	1/26/2012	3/2/2021	2/28/2021	3/27/2008	12/27/2015	1/3/2022	5/10/2014	3/9/2011	9/2/2003	12/23/2015	2/24/2022	2/12/2019	11/22/2011
STATUS	Q	Q	D	S	S	Q	D	Ø	Ø	Q	D	Q	O	D	D	Q	O	В	D
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE																		
ASSET GROUP ID	RS SSO ROUTE MMF																		
ASSET UNIT ID	27008	27012	30376	30521	40471	40475	40559	40871	40872	41374	43726	45469	45796	45829	45835	45900	46623	46627	47034

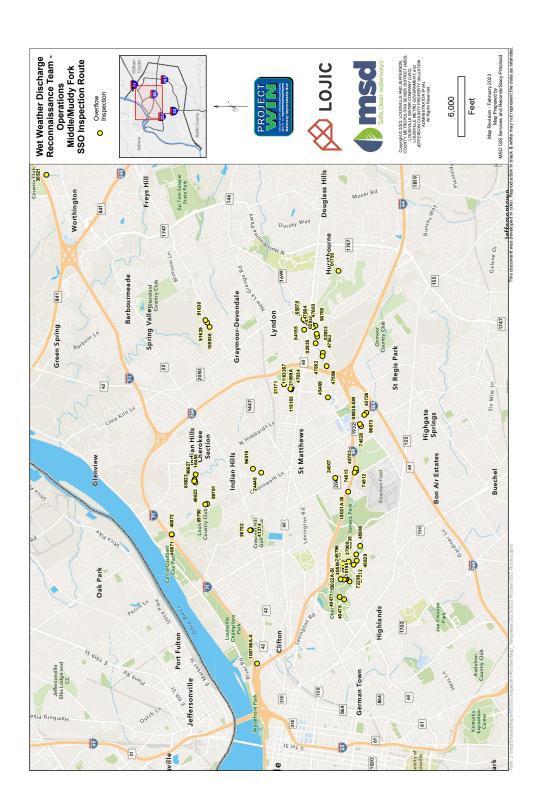


METERED			×																
EVENTDATE	12/5/2011	2/6/2008	3/19/2008	2/5/2014	3/4/2008	3/19/2008	2/25/2018	2/24/2018	2/12/2019	2/17/2023	11/28/2011	5/29/2012	4/20/2019	12/27/2015	2/17/2022	3/10/2011	2/28/2021	2/28/2021	3/19/2008
STATUS	D	Q	D	Q	Q	Q	В	В	D	Ø	D	Q	В	В	В	Q	В	В	D
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE																		
ASSET UNIT ID ASSET GROUP ID	RS SSO ROUTE MMF																		
ASSET UNIT ID	47582	47583	47593	47596	47603	47604	48753	63357	65070	65623	72288	72289	74512	74513	74520	84155	89790	89791	90700

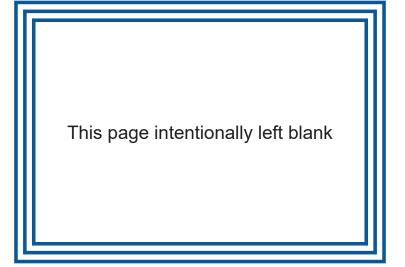


METERED					×		
STATUS EVENTDATE	3/19/2008	3/19/2008	2/28/2021	3/1/2021	8/1/1969	3/12/2021	3/3/2023
STATUS	D	D	В	В	Q	S	S
ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	OPERATIONS MIDDLE/MUDDY FORK RAIN- EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE						
ASSET UNIT ID ASSET GROUP ID	RS SSO ROUTE MMF						
ASSET UNIT ID	91629	91630	96019	96673	IS021A-SI	IS022A-SI	MSD0192-PS





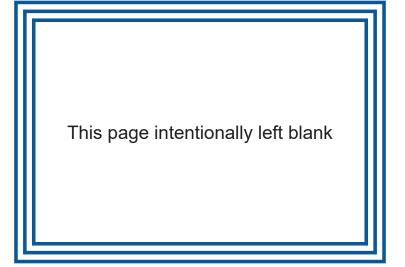






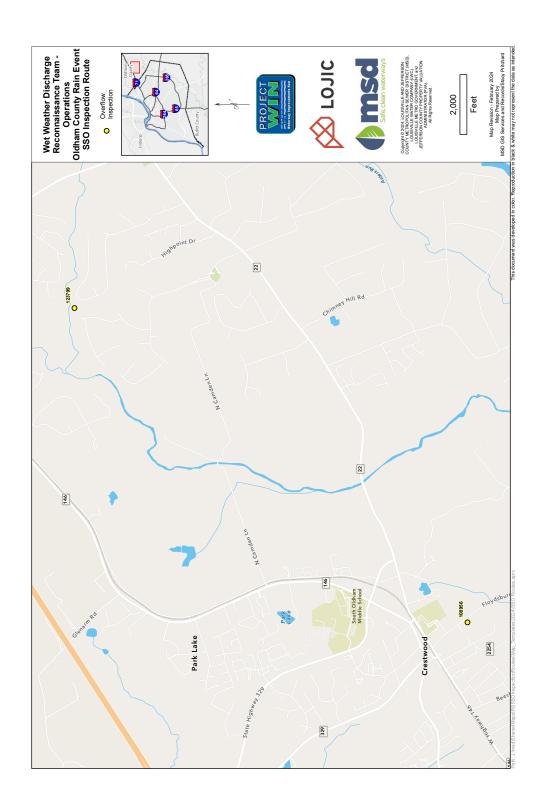
APPENDIX D-7 OLDHAM COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITY





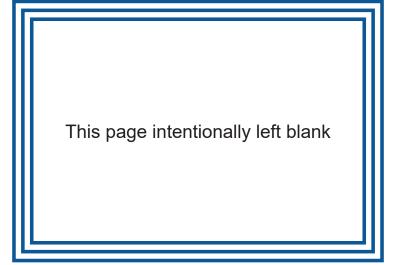


ASSET UNIT ID	SSET UNIT ID ASSET GROUP ID	ASSET GROUP DESCRIPTION	STATUS	STATUS EVENTDATE	METERED
926801	RS SSO ROUTE OC	OLDHAM COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	Ö	3/7/2022	
123799	RS SSO ROUTE OC	OLDHAM COUNTY RAIN-EVENT SSO INSPECTION ROUTE	О	2/16/2023	





APPENDIX E OVERFLOW REPORT FORM





OVERFLOW REPORT FORM

		We	ork Order Tab	
Work Order	#			
Activity	☐ Wet Weather Disch	arge (DISREV) 🔲 D	ry Weather Discharge (DISDW)) Suspected Discharge (DISSUS)
Asset			Overflow Began (Initi	rated)
	SLS, SPL, SMH, SSL, SMN, SND, STIN, SV	Hansen Unit ID Number	_	Date Military Time
	SLS – Sewer Lift Station	SMH – Sewer Manh	nole SMN – Sewer Main	STIN – Storm Inlet
	SPL – Sewer Treatment F	Plant SSL – Sewer Servic	ce Line SND – Sewer Node	SV – Sewer Valve
Name			Overflow Stopped (Compl	eted)
Initiated Du	Name, Addre	ss or Location	A anima	Date Military Time
Initiated By			_ Assigne	ed 10
Problem	☐ GB Grease Blockage	CAP La	ack of System Capacity	BYPASS (At WTP's only)
	R Roots	PUMP	Pumped Overflow	☐ UPSET (WTP Process Upset)
	OBST Sewer Main Ob	struction	Electrical Problems at MSD	☐ BLEND (At Jeffersontown WTP only)
	☐ STRUC Structural Fail	ure 🔲 POWE	R Power Outage (LG&E)	PPI Private Property Issue (for SSLs only)
		☐ MECH	Mechanical Failure	UD Utility Damaged MSD Asset
		☐ FLOO	O Corps Pump Station Operation	☐ FOMAJ Force Majeure Event
Condition	☐ LAT Lateral Line ☐ MAIN Main Line			CSO Authorized Discharge (Rain Event on a # CSO only)
Result	☐ INT Interior (In the bu	ilding) 🔲 EXT E	exterior (On the ground)	☐ WUS Reached waters of the US
		Co	omments Tab	
		Spot Insp	pections Tab (see Spot Inspec	tion Sample Text Guide for additional options)
Discha	rge Amount (DISAMT)	Est. Volume Released		
Cause o	f Discharge (DISCAU)	Additional Cause Info		
			_	te in pump; Grease blockage in line)
Clear	up Activity (DISCLN)	Check all that apply	☐ No Debris☐ Customer cleaned area	☐ Pipe discharge submerged - no cleanup☐ MSD cleaned & sanitized area
				Contractor cleaned & sanitized area
Contro	ol Zone Setup (DISCZ)	Check all that apply	☐ Flags	☐ Barricades ☐ Tape
			Cones	☐ Road Closed ☐ Temp Signs
			☐ Advised property owner/ cust	tomer to avoid direct contact with sewage
			☐ Pipe discharge submerged -	no control zone
Visual Impa	ct Observed (DISIMP)	Check all that apply	Personal Hygiene Products	☐ Sewage ☐ Fish Kill
	,	,	☐ Debris	Solids
			at pumped site	☐ Discoloration in Stream
			around (floor drain, ba	sement, cleanout, ground, stream, drainage sys)
			☐ No impact observed (custome	er reported backup / pipe discharge submerged)
Repair / Rem	edial Action (DISREP)			
		(EX: Compressor rep	paired: WO #12345 flushed area, WO#2	3456 root cut line, informed PO to repair problem)
			Log Tab	
Notifie	d the Public (DISPUB)	Check all that appl		n site
			☐ MSD advised customer by	phone MSD advised customer by letter

0000066 (03/08)



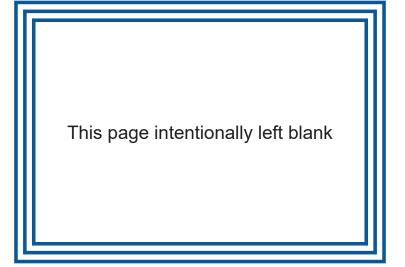
		Genera	ator Placement	(GENPL)		
Type/Size Generator	Asset ID	Problem	Date Initiated	Time Initiated	Date Completed	Time Completed

	i	Hauling Sewage – O	perations (HAULOP)	
Asset ID	Problem	Initiated I Completed Date	Initiated Time	Completed Time	Quantity (Volume Hauled in gallons)

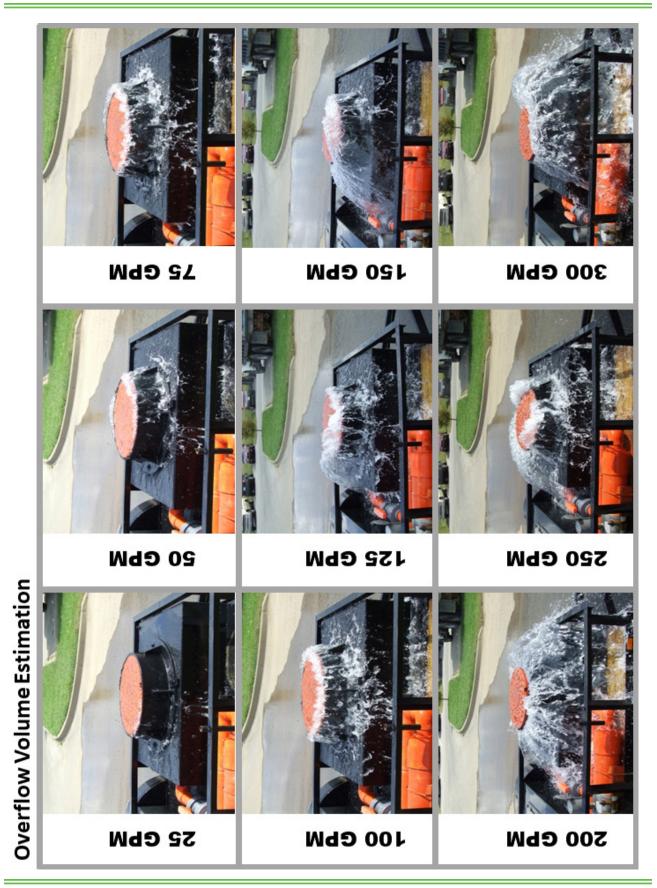


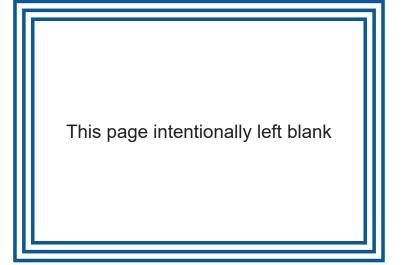
APPENDIX F VOLUME ESTIMATION GUIDE







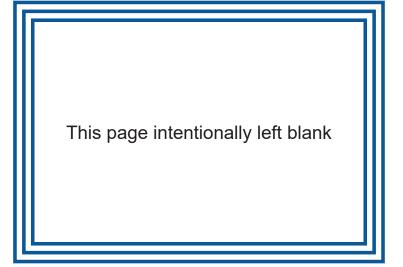






APPENDIX G NOTIFICATION TEMPLATES









700 West Liberty Street | Louisville, KY 40203-1911 Phone: 502.540.6000 | LouisvilleMSD.org

Date

District Supervisor KY Division of Water Louisville Regional Office 9116 Leesgate Road Louisville, KY 40222-5084

Re: Potential to Bypass Notification for: Choose an item.

To whom it may concern:

This water quality treatment center has the potential to bypass treatment due to scheduled for Date. This scheduled event will occur, provided that conditions for minimizing the bypass potential exist. The anticipated duration event is

Precautionary measures in place to prevent a bypass include:

•

Please advise if you have any questions concerning this information. You can contact me on my office telephone at ()- - , my cell phone at ()- - or via email at @louisvillemsd.org.

Sincerely,

cc: Paul Bridges, KDEP Legal Department, MSD eB File





700 West Liberty Street | Louisville, KY 40203-1911 Phone: 502.540.6000 | LouisvilleMSD.org

Date

District Supervisor KY Division of Water Louisville Regional Office 9116 Leesgate Road Louisville, KY 40222-5084

Re: Bypass Notification for: Choose an item.

To whom it may concern:

This water quality treatment center experienced a bypass event and has been reported through our electronic notification system at approximately

AM on Date, referencing Work Order

as a Dry Weather

Discharge. This letter serves as a written report of the bypass as required by 401 KAR 5:065.

Provided below are the details of the bypass event:

- Description of the noncompliance and its cause: Enter text here
- Period of noncompliance: Starting
 AM on Date, and stopping
 AM on Date.
- Steps taken or planned to reduce, elimination and prevent recurrence Enter text here.
- Additional comments: Enter text here

Please advise if you have any questions concerning this information. You can contact me on my office telephone at ()- - , my cell phone at ()- or via email at @louisvillemsd.org.

Sincerely,

cc: Paul Bridges, KDEP Legal Department, MSD eB File





700 West Liberty Street | Louisville, KY 40203-1911 Phone: 502.540.6000 | LouisvilleMSD.org

Date

District Supervisor KY Division of Water Louisville Regional Office 9116 Leesgate Road Louisville, KY 40222-5084

Re: Upset Notification for: Choose an item.

To whom it may concern:

This water quality treatment center experienced an upset event which occurred and has been reported through our electronic notification system at approximately

AM on Date, referencing Work Order as a Dry Weather Discharge.

Provided below are the details of the upset event:

- Description of the noncompliance and its cause: MSD staff observed mixed liquor, black in color, indicating disruption of biological process. Excessive solids were observed flowing over the clarifier weir, at a level that has the potential to result in noncompliance with the permit limits at this WQTC.
 - MSD's initial upset kit sampling has determined that the upset was due to the receipt of a toxic discharge of , suspected to be received from
 - MSD's initial upset kit sampling has determined that the upset was due to the receipt of a toxic discharge of from an unknown source which is under investigation.
 - MSD's initial upset kit sampling did not indicate the presence of any substance that would cause an upset. Additional investigation will attempt to determine the cause of this upset.
- Period of noncompliance: Starting
 AM on Date and stopping
 AM on Date.
- Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence:
 - MSD will contact industrial discharge users within the service area to investigate possible sources.
 - o MSD will review industrial permits/HMPC plan within the service area.
 - o MSD will conduct additional operational investigations and collection system sampling if required.
 - MSD will initiate appropriate enforcement actions under the Enforcement Response Plan and MSD Wastewater/Stormwater Discharge Regulations, if a source is identified.
- Additional comments: MSD will provide a written update regarding the resolution of this incident in the Amended Consent Decree Quarterly Report.

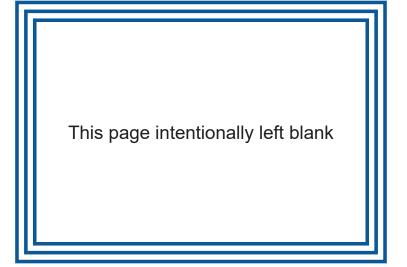
Please advise if you have any questions concerning this information. You can contact me on my office telephone at ()- - , my cell phone at ()- - or via email at @louisvillemsd.org.

Sincerely,

Process Supervisor-Operations

cc: Paul Bridges, KDOW
Paula Purifoy, Dan French, John Kessel, Daymond Talley – MSD
eB File



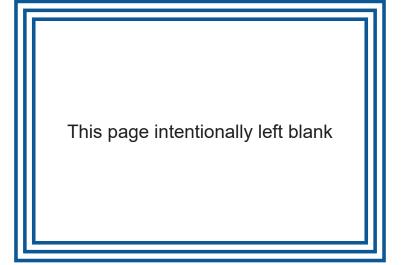




APPENDIX H

DISCHARGE REPORT - IMSAST004







Overflow Report 6/1/2020 12:00:00 AM to 6/30/2020 12:00:00 AM IMSAST0004

KPDES #	Facility		Water Quality Treatement Center	ament Center	Recei	ving Strear	Receiving Stream of Treatment Center	r Region
KY0022411	MSD0278		MORRIS FORMAN			₽	OHIO RMER	WEST
Facility Type \$MHSewerManhole	Facility ID 28840		Facility Address 3620 CHARLANE PKY	Fump Station, Name of Pump Station:	ame of Pump S	tation:	Receiving Stream CHENOWETH RUN	Discharge to GROUND
Activity Code / Description V : DISREY: RAIN EVENT 3 DISCHARGE	<u>WO#</u> Ref No 3275987	Ditiated 06/30/2020	Initiated By Assigned To DA/S BROWNMITCHELL	Disch Status DOCUMENTE D	Event Date 01/03/2005	Problem LACK OF SYSTBM	Result UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGE	Completed Condition 06/20/20 09:15 AM MAIN
Discharge Reporting:	porting							

Cause: LACK OF SYST BM CAPACITY HEAVY RAIN. Gean Up: W0#3276094 Control Zone: BARRICADES AND TBMP SIGNS PLACED AROUND DISCHARGE SITE. Impact: MANHOLE DISCHARGING. Public Notification: PUBLIC NOTIFIED THROUGH TBMP SIGNS AT DISCHARGE SITE AND DOOR HANGERS TO AXOID DISCHARGED CONTENT Notification: PUBLIC NOTIFIED THROUGH TBMP SIGNS AT DISCHARGE SITE AND DOOR HANGERS TO AXOID DISCHARGED CONTENT Notification: PUBLIC NOTIFIED THROUGH TBMP SIGNS AT DISCHARGE SITE AND DOOR HANGERS TO AXOID DISCHARGED CONTENT SAOZO 1:00 PM DISSNOT BASIL NOTIFICATION OF UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGE SINT TO:DISCHARGENOTICES@LOUISVILLBASD.ORG, SAYRE.DENNIS @REPAWAILEPAGOV BASIL NOTIFIED THROUGH THE DISCHARGE INFORMATION			
tion: DISNOT	Cause:		DACK OF SYSTBM CAPACITY HEAVY RAIN.
tion: DISNOT	Gean Up:		WO#3276094
tion: DISNOT	Control Zone:		BARRICADES AND TEMP SIGNS PLACED AROUND DISCHARGE SITE.
tion: DISNOT	mpact:		MANHOLE DISCHARGING.
tion: DISNOT DISSNO	Repair:		LOCATION INCLUDED IN 10AP.
DISNOT	Public Notification:		PUBLIC NOTIFIED THROUGH TBMP SIGNS AT DISCHARGE SITE AND DOOR HANGERS TO AVOID DISCHARGED CONTENT.
DISNOT	Notifications		
DISSNO	6,30,20 1:00 PM	DISNOT	BMAIL NOTIFICATION OF UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGE SBYT TO:DISCHARGENOTICES@LOUISVILLBMSD.ORG. SAYRE.DENNIS@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV
	6,30,20 1:00 PM	DISSNO	WAITING TO COMPLETE THE DISCHARGE INFORMATION

3,000 GAL

Discharge Amount:

237.06 PM

Page 1 of 3





Certificate Of Completion

Envelope Id: F723494A24644A6494ADDD0D8C961E88 Status: Completed

Subject: Complete with DocuSign: Submittal Letter - SORP Manual 2024-02-16.docx, SORP Manual 2024-02-22.pdf

Source Envelope:

Document Pages: 149 Signatures: 1 **Envelope Originator:** Certificate Pages: 2 Initials: 0 Heather Dodds 700 W. Main St.

AutoNav: Enabled

Envelopeld Stamping: Enabled

Time Zone: (UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)

Lousiville, KY 40203 heather.dodds@louisvillemsd.org

IP Address: 199.15.73.231

Record Tracking

Status: Original Holder: Heather Dodds Location: DocuSign

angle Lakinge

2/22/2024 | 02:05 PM heather.dodds@louisvillemsd.org

Signer Events Signature

Angela Akridge

angela.akridge@louisvillemsd.org Chief Strategy Officer

Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer

District

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(Optional)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Not Offered via DocuSign

Timestamp

Sent: 2/22/2024 | 02:06 PM Viewed: 2/22/2024 | 04:40 PM Signed: 2/22/2024 | 04:43 PM

Signature Adoption: Uploaded Signature Image

Using IP Address: 199.15.73.230

In Person Signer Events	Signature	Timestamp
Editor Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Agent Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Intermediary Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp

Status

Carbon Copy Events Status Timestamp

COPIED

COPIED

Dan French

dan.french@louisvillemsd.org

Certified Delivery Events

Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer

District

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(Optional)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Not Offered via DocuSign

David Johnson

david.johnson@louisvillemsd.org

Chief Engineer

Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer

District

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(Optional)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Not Offered via DocuSign

Sent: 2/22/2024 | 02:06 PM

Timestamp

Sent: 2/22/2024 | 02:06 PM Viewed: 2/22/2024 | 04:40 PM

Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp
Notary Events	Signature	Timestamp
Envelope Summary Events	Status	Timestamps
Envelope Sent	Hashed/Encrypted	2/22/2024 02:06 PM
Certified Delivered	Security Checked	2/22/2024 04:40 PM
Signing Complete	Security Checked	2/22/2024 04:43 PM
Completed	Security Checked	2/22/2024 04:43 PM
Payment Events	Status	Timestamps